

Rabbit Anti-PKN antibody

SL4320R

Product Name:	PKN
Chinese Name:	蛋白激酶C相关激酶1抗体
Alias:	DBK; DPKN; PAK 1; PRK 1; PROTEIN KINASE C RELATED KINASE 1; SERINE/THREONINE PROTEIN KINASE N; PAK1; PRK1; PAK-1; PRKCL1; PKN-ALPHA.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	104kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PKN:401-500/942
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the protein kinase C superfamily. This kinase is activated by Rho family of small G proteins and may mediate the Rhodependent signaling pathway. This kinase can be activated by phospholipids and by limited proteolysis. The 3-phosphoinositide dependent protein kinase-1 (PDPK1/PDK1) is reported to phosphorylate this kinase, which may mediate insulin signals to the actin

cytoskeleton. The proteolytic activation of this kinase by caspase-3 or related proteases during apoptosis suggests its role in signal transduction related to apoptosis. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function:

Pkc-related serine/threonine-protein kinase and Rho/Rac effector protein that participates in specific signal transduction responses in the cell. May play a role in the regulation of cell cycle progression, actin cytoskeleton assembly, cell migration, cell adhesion and transcription activation signaling processes (By similarity). Plays a role in regulating Rho-mediated dorsal closure during embryogenesis.

Subunit:

Interacts (via N-terminus) with Rho1 (via REM repeats), Rac1 (via REM 1 repeat) and Rac2.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasmic.

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylated (By similarity). Autophosphorylated; autophosphorylation is stimulated by GTP-bound Rho/Rac GTPases.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.

Ser/Thr protein kinase family.

Contains 1 AGC-kinase C-terminal domain.

Contains 1 C2 domain.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

Contains 3 REM (Hr1) repeats.

SWISS:

Q16512

Gene ID:

5585

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 5585 Human

Entrez Gene: 320795 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 29355 Rat

SwissProt: Q16512 Human

SwissProt: P70268 Mouse

SwissProt: Q63433 Rat

SwissProt: Q6P748 Rat

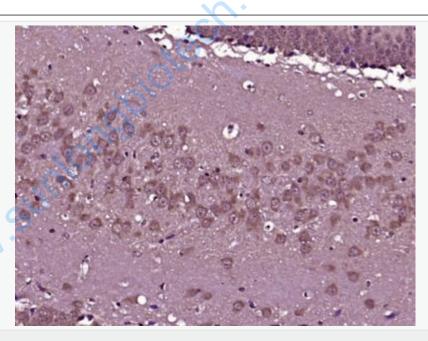
Unigene: 466044 Human

Unigene: 213000 Mouse

Unigene: 49880 Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PKN) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL4320R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP

Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.

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