

Rabbit Anti-ASGPR1 antibody

SL4825R

Product Name:	ASGPR1
Chinese Name:	唾液酸glycoprotein受体1抗体
Alias:	ASGR; Asgr1; ASGPR1; Asgr; Asgr-1: MGC108731; RATRHL1; RHL1; ASGR1_HUMAN; Asialoglycoprotein receptor 1; ASGP-R 1; ASGPR 1; C-type lectin domain family 4 member H1; Hepatic lectin H1; HL-1
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	32kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human ASGPR1:181-280/291 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	ASGR is a heterooligomeric receptor that is abundantly expressed on the sinusoidal surface of the hepatic plasma membrane. It is an endocytic receptor that rapidly binds and internalizes galactose-terminated glycoproteins (asialoglycoproteins or ASGP) from the circulation. The mouse ASGPR belongs to the long-form subfamily of the C-

type/Ca2+ dependent lectin family. It is a complex of two noncovalently-linked and highly homologous subunits, a major 42 kDa glycoprotein ASGPR1(MHL-1) and a minor 51 kDa glycoprotein ASGR2 (MHL-2). ASGPR1 is synthesized as a type II transmembrane protein that contains a cytosolic N-terminal domain, a single transmembrane segment, and an extracellular domain which contains two important structural regions. The first is a stalk domain that contributes to noncovalent oligomerization, and the second is a Ca2+-dependent carbohydrate binding domain at the very C-terminus that is unusually stabilized by three ions. The aa sequence of mouse ASGPR1 ECD is 89% and 79% identical to the ASGPR1 ECD of rat and human, respectively.

Function:

Mediates the endocytosis of plasma glycoproteins to which the terminal sialic acid residue on their complex carbohydrate moieties has been removed. The receptor recognizes terminal galactose and N-acetylgalactosamine units. After ligand binding to the receptor, the resulting complex is internalized and transported to a sorting organelle, where receptor and ligand are disassociated. The receptor then returns to the cell membrane surface.

Subunit:

Interacts with LASS2.

Subcellular Location:

Membrane; Single-pass type II membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed exclusively in hepatic parenchymal cells.

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylated on a cytoplasmic Ser residue.

Similarity:

Contains 1 C-type lectin domain.

SWISS:

P07306

Gene ID:

432

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 509121Cow

Entrez Gene: 432Human

Entrez Gene: 11889Mouse

Entrez Gene: 24210Rat

Omim: 108360Human

SwissProt: P07306Human

SwissProt: P34927Mouse

SwissProt: P02706Rat

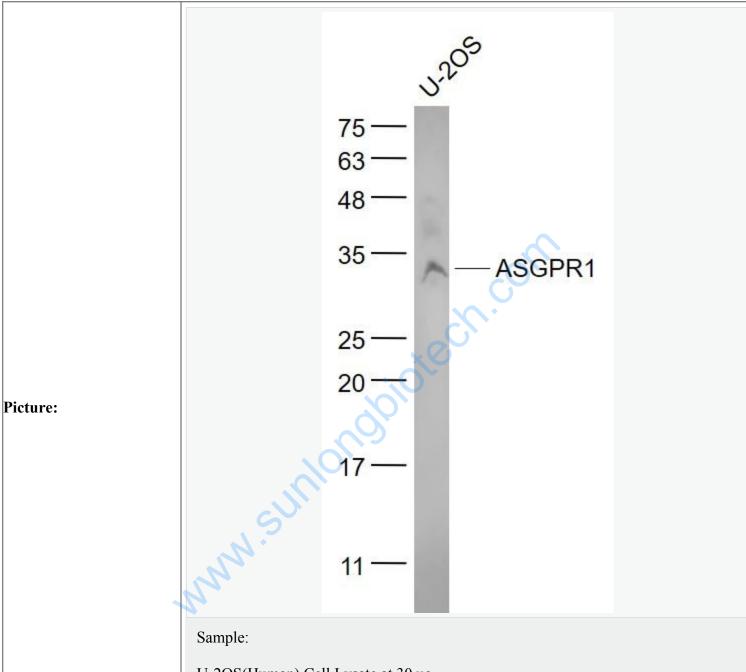
Unigene: 12056Human

Unigene: 6559 Mouse

Unigene: 44300Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



U-2OS(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti- ASGPR1 (SL4825R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 32 kD

Observed band size: 32 kD

75 —
63 —
48 —
35 —
25 —
20 —

17 —

Sample:

Liver (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti- ASGPR1 (SL4825R) at 1/1000 dilution

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Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 32 kD

Observed band size: 42 kD

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