



Rabbit Anti-Phospho-FGFR1+FGFR2 (Tyr463/Tyr466) antibody

SL5326R

Product Name:	Phospho-FGFR1+FGFR2 (Tyr463/Tyr466)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化碱性成纤维细胞生长因子受体1/2(Tyr463/Tyr466)抗体
Alias:	FGFR1 + FGFR2 (Phospho Tyr463/Tyr466); FGFR1 + FGFR2 (Phospho Tyr463+Tyr466); FGFR2 (Phospho Y463+Y466); bFGF R; BFGFR; C FGR; CD 331; CD331; CD331 antigen; CEK; FGFR; FGFR 1; Fibroblast growth factor receptor 1; FLG; FLG protein; FLJ14326; FLT 2; FLT2; Fms like tyrosine kinase 2; Fms related tyrosine kinase 2; Fms related tyrosine kinase 2 Pfeiffer syndrome; H2; H3; H4; H5; HBGFR; Heparin binding growth factor receptor; Hydroxyaryl protein kinase; KAL 2; KAL2; MFR; N SAM; N sam tyrosine kinase; Protein tyrosine kinase; Tyrosylprotein kinase; Basic fibroblast growth factor receptor 1.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	88kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human FGFR1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr463:SE(p-Y)EL<Cytoplasmic>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized

	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	<p>Fibroblast growth factors (FGFs) produce mitogenic and angiogenic effects in target cells by signaling through the cellular surface tyrosine kinase receptors. There are four members of the FGF receptor family: FGFR-1 (flg), FGFR-2 (bek, KGFR), FGFR-3 and FGFR-4. Each receptor contains an extracellular ligand binding domain, a transmembrane region and a cytoplasmic kinase domain (1). Following ligand binding and dimerization, the receptors are phosphorylated at specific tyrosine residues (2). Seven tyrosine residues in the cytoplasmic tail of FGFR-1 can be phosphorylated: Tyr463, Tyr583, Tyr585, Tyr653, Tyr654, Tyr730 and Tyr766. Tyrosine 653 and 654 are important for catalytic activity of the activated FGFR and are essential for signaling (3). The other phosphorylated tyrosine residues may provide docking sites for downstream signaling components such as Crk and PLCgamma.</p> <p>Function: Receptor for fibroblast growth factors FGF2 and FGF1. Receptor for FGF23 in the presence of KL (By similarity). Promotes mitogenesis in response to fibroblast growth factors. Activates PLCG1.</p> <p>Subunit: Homodimer. Interacts with KLB. Interacts with KL and FGF23. Interacts with SHB and GRB10. Interacts with PLCG1 (via SH2 domains). Interacts with KAL1; this interaction does not interfere with FGF2-binding to FGFR1, but prevents binding of heparin-bound FGF2. Interacts with SOX2 and SOX3.</p> <p>Subcellular Location: Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.</p> <p>Tissue Specificity: Detected in astrocytoma, neuroblastoma and adrenal cortex cell lines. Some isoforms are detected in foreskin fibroblast cell lines, however isoform 17, isoform 18 and isoform 19 are not detected in these cells.</p> <p>Post-translational modifications: Binding of FGF1 and heparin promotes autophosphorylation on tyrosine residues and activation of the receptor.</p> <p>DISEASE: Defects in FGFR1 are a cause of Pfeiffer syndrome (PS) [MIM:101600]; also known as acrocephalosyndactyly type V (ACS5). PS is characterized by craniosynostosis (premature fusion of the skull sutures) with deviation and enlargement of the thumbs and great toes, brachymesophalangy, with phalangeal ankylosis and a varying degree of soft tissue syndactyly. Defects in FGFR1 are a cause of idiopathic hypogonadotropic hypogonadism (IHH)</p>

[MIM:146110]. IHH is defined as a deficiency of the pituitary secretion of follicle-stimulating hormone and luteinizing hormone, which results in the impairment of pubertal maturation and of reproductive function.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Fibroblast growth factor receptor subfamily.

Contains 3 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.

Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS:

P11362

Gene ID:

2260

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 2260](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 14182](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 79114](#)Rat

[Omim: 136350](#)Human

[SwissProt: P11362](#)Human

[SwissProt: P16092](#)Mouse

[SwissProt: Q04589](#)Rat

[Unigene: 264887](#)Human

[Unigene: 265716](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 207203](#)Rat

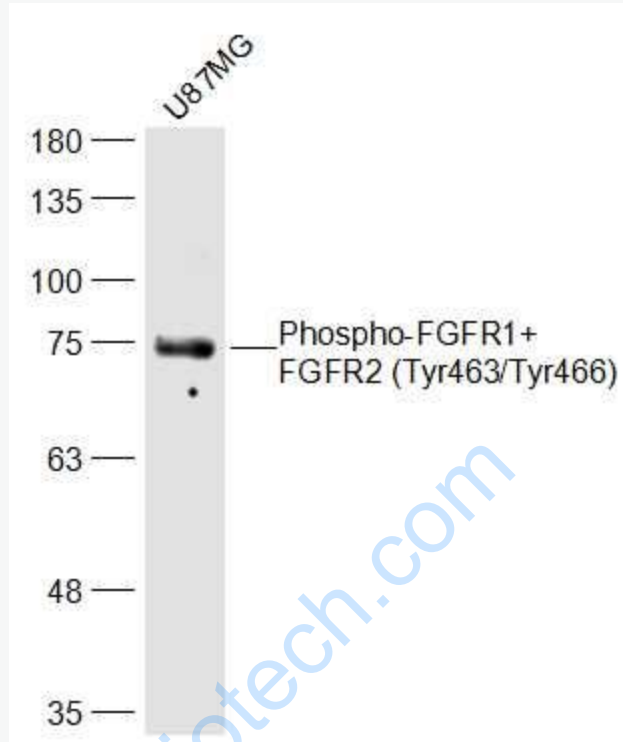
[Unigene: 9797](#)Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

碱性成纤维细胞生长因子(bFGF)是一种多功能的生长因子,具有促进细胞有丝分裂和诱导新血管形成作用,和其受体(FGFR1)碱性成纤维细胞生长因子受体结合之后,在人体各组织中具有广泛的生物学活性和生理病理作用.越来越多的研究表明Tumour细胞中bFGF-R1过度表达对Tumour发生发展具有重要意义。

Picture:



Sample:

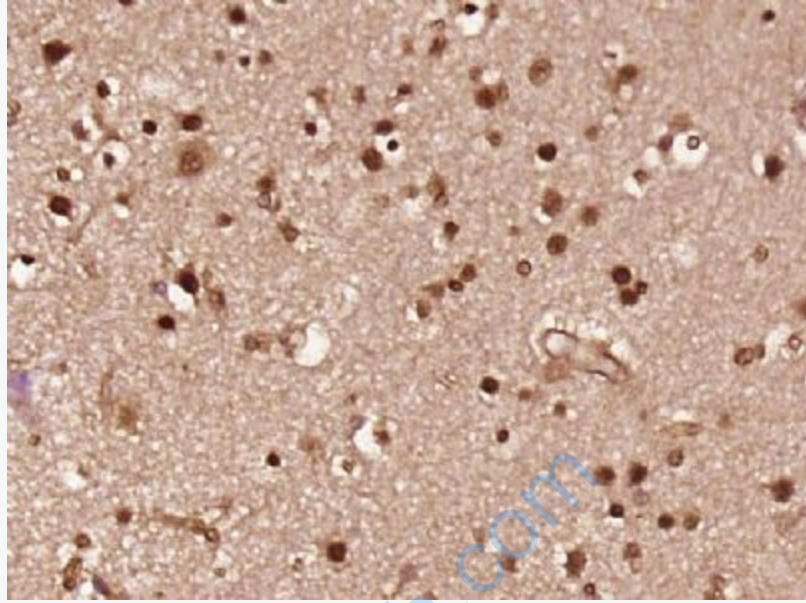
U87MG(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-Phospho-FGFR1+FGFR2 (Tyr463/Tyr466) (SL5326R) at 1/300 dilution

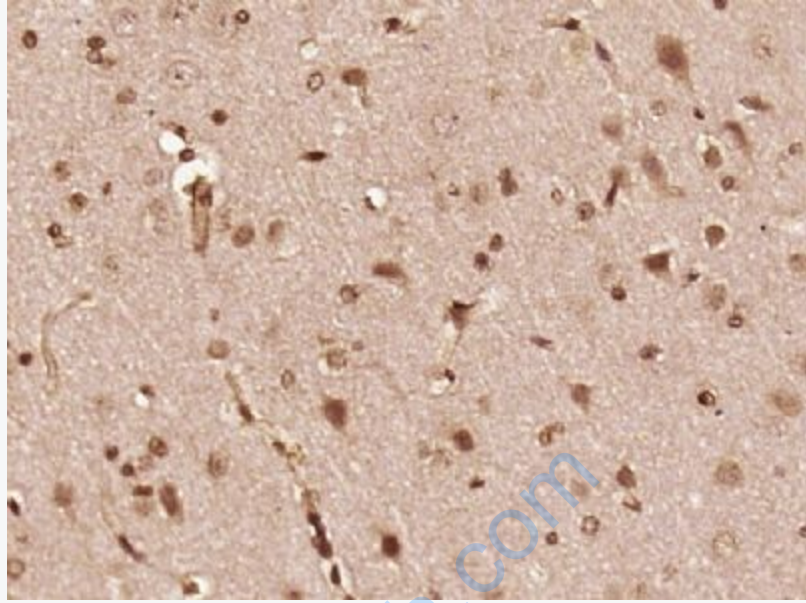
Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 88 kD

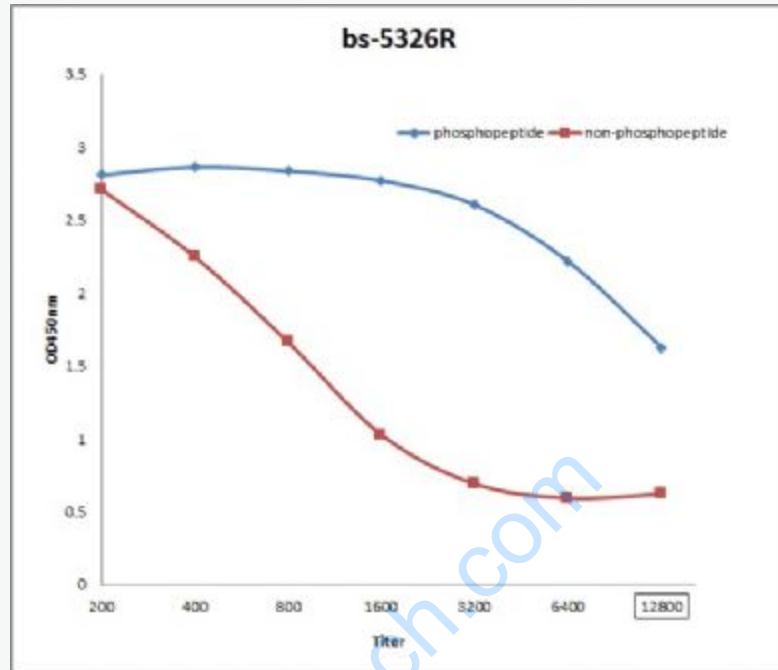
Observed band size: 73 kD



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Human glioma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-FGFR1+FGFR2 (Tyr463 Tyr466)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL5326R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Rat brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (Phospho-FGFR1+FGFR2 (Tyr463 Tyr466)) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL5326R) at 1:400 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Antigen: 1.phosphopeptide(blue),0.2ug/100ul; 2.non-phosphopeptide(red),0.2ug/100ul;

Primary:Antibody,1:200,1:400,1:800,1:1600,1:3200,1:6400,1:12800;

Secondary:HRP conjugated Goat Anti-Rabbit igG(Bbs-0295G-HRP)at1:5000;

TMB(C-0024)staining: Read the data in Microplate Reader by 450nm