



Rabbit Anti-phospho-ILK-1(Thr173) antibody

SL5443R

Product Name:	phospho-ILK-1(Thr173)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化整合素连接激酶1抗体
Alias:	ILK-1 (phospho T173); ILK-1 (phospho Thr173); p-ILK-1 (Thr173); 59 kDa serine/threonine protein kinase; 59 kDa serine/threonine-protein kinase; ILK-2; ILK_HUMAN; Integrin linked Kinase; Integrin-linked protein kinase; DKFZp686F1765; EC 2.7.11.1; ILK 1; ILK 2; ILK; ILK1; ILK2; Integrin linked Kinase 2; Integrin linked protein kinase; p59; p59ILK.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	50kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human ILK-1 around the phosphorylation site of Thr173:GT(p-T)RT
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The ILK protein is important in different biological pathways such as cell adhesion,

anchorage-dependent cell cycle progression, oncogenic transformation, and growth factor signaling. The kinase activity of ILK is low in non-activated cells; its activity is stimulated by cell-ECM interactions and by certain growth factors. 3 Negative regulation of ILK is mediated by two phosphatases: PTEN, a tumor suppressor lipid sphatase, and ILKAP, a PP2C protein phosphatase. In tumor cells that do not express PTEN protein, ILK is constitutively active.

Function:

Receptor-proximal protein kinase regulating integrin-mediated signal transduction. May act as a mediator of inside-out integrin signaling. Focal adhesion protein part of the complex ILK-PINCH. This complex is considered to be one of the convergence points of integrin- and growth factor-signaling pathway. Could be implicated in mediating cell architecture, adhesion to integrin substrates and anchorage-dependent growth in epithelial cells. Phosphorylates beta-1 and beta-3 integrin subunit on serine and threonine residues, but also AKT1 and GSK3B.

Subunit:

Interacts with cytoplasmic domain of beta 1 subunit of integrin. Could also interacts with beta 2, beta 3 and/or beta 5 subunit of integrin. Interacts (via ANK repeats) with LIMS1 and LIMS2. Interacts with parvins and probably TGFB1I1. Interacts (via ANK repeats) with EPHA1 (via SAM domain); stimulated by EFNA1 but independent of the kinase activity of EPHA1.

Subcellular Location:

Cell junction, focal adhesion. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side.

Tissue Specificity:

Highly expressed in heart followed by skeletal muscle, pancreas and kidney. Weakly expressed in placenta, lung and liver.

Post-translational modifications:

Autophosphorylated on serine residues.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family. Contains 5 ANK repeats. Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS:

Q13418

Gene ID:

3611

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 3611](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 16202](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 170922](#)Rat

[Oimim: 602366](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q13418](#)Human

[SwissProt: O55222](#)Mouse

[SwissProt: Q99J82](#)Rat

[Unigene: 5158](#)Human

[Unigene: 706355](#)Human

[Unigene: 274846](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 95042](#)Rat

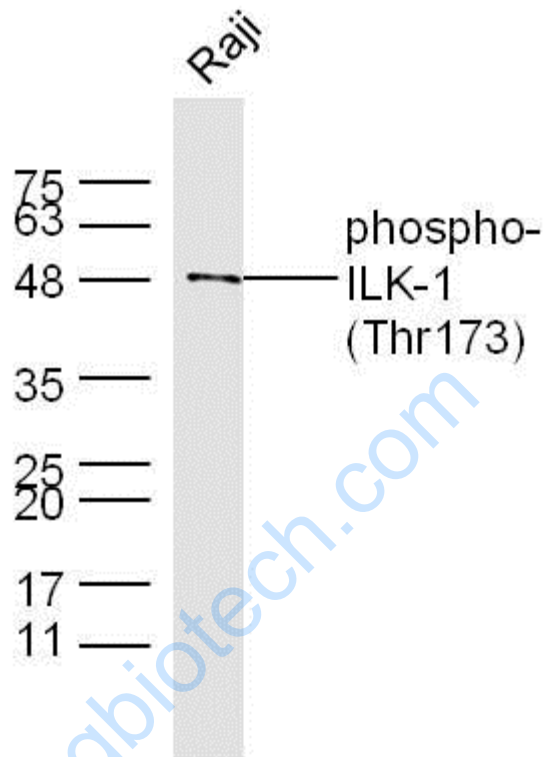
Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

ILK

是一种新发现的Ser/Thr蛋白激酶。ILK能够通过整合素 $\beta 1$ 亚单位的结合介导细胞与胞外基质的连接,以依赖于PI3K的方式激活,并通过磷酸化下游底物PKB/AKT, GSK3等胞外信号的一项下游传递,对细胞的生长,分化,迁移等进行调控。由于ILK在胞内外信号传导中起着重要的作用。并且抑制ILK的活性能够导致细胞周期的停滞和细胞程序性死亡的启动,使其成为Tumour治疗和Tumour药物的理想靶位点。

Picture:



Sample: Raji Cell (Human) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-phospho-ILK-1(Thr173) (SL5443R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 50 kD

Observed band size: 50 kD