SunLong Biotech Co.,LTD Tel: 0086-571- 56623320 Fax:0086-571- 56623318 E-mail:sales@sunlongbiotech.com www.sunlongbiotech.com



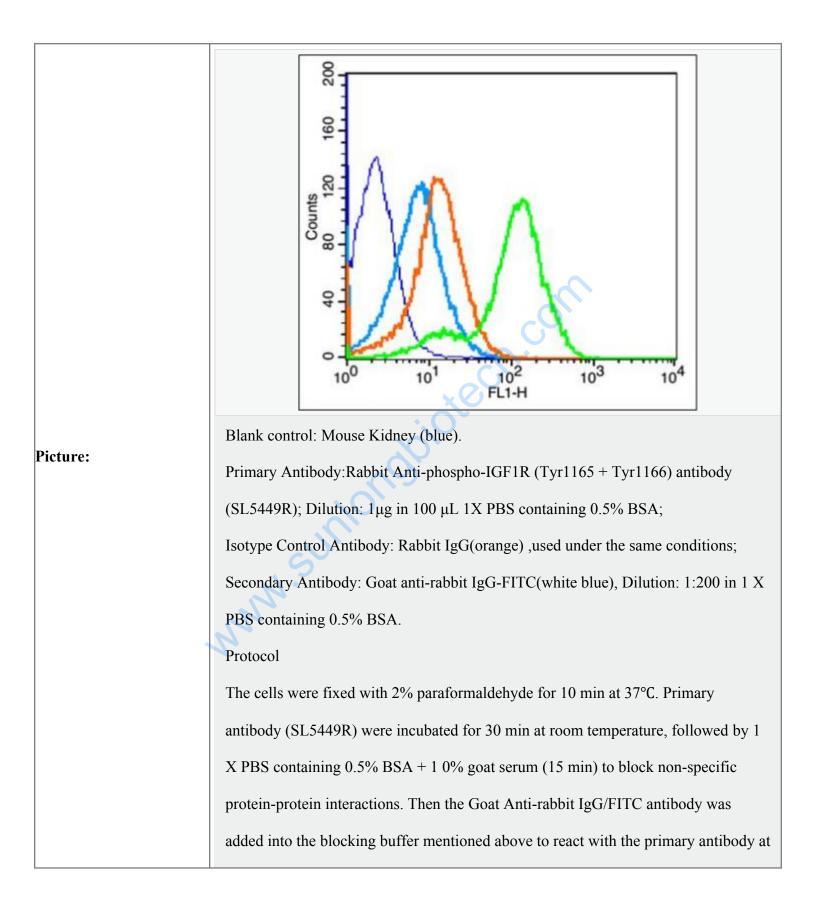
Rabbit Anti-phospho-IGF1R (Tyr1165 + Tyr1166) antibody

SL5449R

Product Name:	phospho-IGF1R (Tyr1165 + Tyr1166)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化胰岛素样生长因子1受体抗体
Alias:	IGF1 Receptor (phospho Y1165 + Y1166); p-IGF1 Receptor (phospho Y1165 + Y1166); IGF-1R (Phospho-Tyr1165/Tyr1166); IGF1R (phospho Y1165+Y1166); IGF1R (phospho Tyr1165+Tyr1166); p-IGF1R (Tyr1165+Tyr1166); phospho-IGF1R (Tyr1166+Tyr1167)rat; phospho-IGF1R (Tyr1166+Tyr1167)mo; CD221; CD221 antigen; IGF 1 receptor; IGF 1R; IGF I receptor; IGF1R; IGF1R; IGFIRC; Insulin like growth factor 1 receptor; Insulin like growth factor 1 receptor; JTK13; MGC142170; MGC142172; IGF1 Receptor; IGF1R HUMAN; IGF-IR.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000Flow-Cyt=1µg/Test not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	150kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human IGF1R around the phosphorylation site of Tyr1165+Tyr1166:TD(p-Y)(p-Y)RK
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of

	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
	This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor with a high affinity. It has tyrosine kinase activity. The insulin-like growth factor I receptor plays a critical role in transformation events. Cleavage of the precursor generates alpha and beta subunits. It is highly overexpressed in most malignant tissues where it functions as an anti-apoptotic agent by enhancing cell survival. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].
	Function: This receptor binds insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1) with a high affinity and IGF2 with a lower affinity. It has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity, which is necessary for the activation of the IGF1-stimulated downstream signaling cascade. When present in a hybrid receptor with INSR, binds IGF1. PubMed:12138094 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Long are activated with a high affinity by IGF1, with low affinity by IGF2 and not significantly activated by insulin, and that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and INSR isoform Short are activated by IGF1, IGF2 and insulin. In contrast, PubMed:16831875 shows that hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and hybrid receptors composed of IGF1R and fracteristics, both bind IGF1 and have a low affinity for insulin.
Product Detail:	Subunit: Tetramer of 2 alpha and 2 beta chains linked by disulfide bonds. The alpha chains contribute to the formation of the ligand-binding domain, while the beta chain carries the kinase domain. Interacts with PIK3R1 and with the PTB/PID domains of IRS1 and SHC1 in vitro when autophosphorylated on tyrosine residues. Forms a hybrid receptor with INSR, the hybrid is a tetramer consisting of 1 alpha chain and 1 beta chain of INSR and 1 alpha chain and 1 beta chain of IGF1R. Interacts with ARRB1 and ARRB2.
	Subcellular Location:
	Membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.
	Tissue Specificity: Found as a hybrid receptor with INSR in muscle, heart, kidney, adipose tissue, skeletal muscle, hepatoma, fibrobasts, spleen and placenta (at protein level). Expressed in a variety of tissues.
	Post-translational modifications: The cytoplasmic domain of the beta subunit is autophosphorylated on tyrosine residues in response to insulin-like growth factor I (IGF I). Phosphorylation of Tyr-980 is required for IRS1- and SHC1-binding.
	DISEASE: Defects in IGF1R may be a cause in some cases of resistance to insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1 resistance) [MIM:270450]. IGF1 resistance is a gowth deficiency disorder characterized by intrauterine growth retardation and poor postnatal growth

accompanied with increased plasma IGF1.
Similarity:
Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. Tyr protein kinase family. Insulin receptor
subfamily.
Contains 3 fibronectin type-III domains.
Contains 1 protein kinase domain.
SWISS:
P08069
Gene ID:
3480
Database links:
Database links.
Entrez Gene: 3480 Human
Entrez Gene: 16001 Mouse
3480 Database links: Entrez Gene: 3480 Human Entrez Gene: 16001 Mouse Entrez Gene: 25718 Rat Omim: 147370 Human
<u>Omim: 147370</u> Human
SwissProt: P08069 Human
SwissProt: Q60751 Mouse
SwissProt: P24062 Rat
<u>Unigene: 643120</u> Human
Unigene: 714012 Human
Unigene: 275742 Mouse
Unigene: 10957 Rat
Important Note:
This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



1/200 dilution for 40 min on ice. Acquisition of 20,000 events was performed.

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