



Rabbit Anti-phospho-PRKD1 (Ser742) antibody

SL5562R

Product Name:	phospho-PRKD1 (Ser742)
Chinese Name:	磷酸化蛋白激酶C mu型抗体
Alias:	PKC mu (phospho S742); p-PKC mu (phospho S742); PRKD1(phospho S742); nPKC D1; nPKC mu; nPKC-D1; nPKC-mu; nPKCD1; nPKCmu; PKC; PKC MU; PKCM; PKCmu; PKD 1; PKD; PKD1; PRKCM; PRKD 1; Prkd1; Protein kinase C mu; Protein kinase C mu type; Protein kinase D; Protein kinase D1; Serine/threonine protein kinase D1; Serine/threonine-protein kinase D1; KPCD1_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	102kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated Synthesised phosphopeptide derived from human PRKD1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser742:RR(p-S)VV
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Members of the protein kinase C (PKC) family function in many extracellular receptor-

mediated signal transduction pathways. See PRKCA (MIM 176960) for further background information. The PRKCM gene encodes a cytosolic serine-threonine kinase that binds to the trans-Golgi network and regulates the fission of transport carriers specifically destined to the cell surface.[supplied by OMIM]

Function:

Converts transient diacylglycerol (DAG) signals into prolonged physiological effects, downstream of PKC. Involved in resistance to oxidative stress through activation of NF-kappa-B.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm. Membrane. Translocation to the cell membrane is required for kinase activation.

Similarity:

Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily.
CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family.
PKD subfamily.
Contains 1 PH domain.
Contains 2 phorbol-ester/DAG-type zinc fingers.
Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

SWISS:

Q15139

Gene ID:

5587

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 5587](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 18760](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 85421](#) Rat

[Omim: 605435](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q15139](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q62101](#) Mouse

[SwissProt: Q9WTQ1](#) Rat

[Unigene: 508999](#) Human

[Unigene: 133719](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 144619](#) Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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