

Rabbit Anti-GPR124 antibody

SL6150R

Product Name:	GPR124
Chinese Name:	G protein-coupled receptor124抗体(Tumour血管内皮标记物)
Alias:	TEM5; DKFZp434C211; DKFZp434J0911; FLJ14390; G protein coupled receptor 124; G-protein coupled receptor 124; GP124_HUMAN; GPR 124; GPR124; KIAA1531; TEM 5; TEM5; Tumor endothelial marker 5; Tumor endothelial marker 5 precursor.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100- 500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	139kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GPR124:1201-1303/1303
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Tumor endothelial markers (TEMs) display elevated expression during angiogenesis. Their associations with the cell surface membrane are of great interest for both biological and clinical research. G protein coupled receptor 124 (GPR124) is encoded as a seven pass transmembrane protein of 1331 amino acids and is most similar to the

cadherin related Celsr1 proteins and members of the calcium independent alpha latrotoxin receptor family involved in transmitting signals across the cell membrane. GPCRs have been excellent drug targets because their natural ligands can often mimicked for agonistic or antagonistic purpose. The existence of tumour specific endothelial markers provides a resource for further understanding the mechanisms of tumour angiogenesis and encourages the development of antiangiogenic therapies in the future. ESTs for the gene that encodes GPR124 have been isolated primarily from amnion, connective tissue, ear, embryo, eye, ganglion, heart, lung, placenta, and skin libraries.

Function:

Endothelial receptor that acts as an essential regulator of CNS angiogenesis. Required for normal endothelial cell sprouting and migration in the forebrain and neural tube (By similarity).

Subunit: Interacts with DLG1.

Subcellular Location: Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity:

Expressed in endothelial cells (at protein level). Abundantly expressed in tumor vessels, heart, placenta, ovary, small intestine, and colon.

Similarity:

Belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 2 family. LN-TM7 subfamily. Contains 1 GPS domain. Contains 1 Ig-like (immunoglobulin-like) domain. Contains 4 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats. Contains 1 LRRCT domain. Contains 1 LRRNT domain.

SWISS:

Q96PE1

Gene ID: 25960

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 25960Human

Entrez Gene: 78560 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 306543Rat

Omim: 606823Human
SwissProt: Q96PE1Human
SwissProt: Q91ZV8Mouse
Unigene: 274136Human
Unicone: 87046 Moure
Unigene: 87046Mouse
Important Note:
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This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,
therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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