

Rabbit Anti-KIRREL1 antibody

SL6435R

Product Name:	KIRREL1
Chinese Name:	肾病样蛋白1抗体
Alias:	Kin of IRRE like (Drosophila); Kin of IRRE like; Kin of IRRE like protein 1; Kin of IRRE-like protein 1; Kin of irregular chiasm like protein 1; Kin of irregular chiasm-like protein 1; KIRR1_HUMAN; Kirrel; MGC129542; MGC129543; NEPH 1; NEPH1; Nephrin like protein 1; Nephrin related; Nephrin-like protein 1; KIRR1_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	82kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human KIRREL1/NEPH1:301-400/757 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Neph1(Kirrel) belongs to a family of three closely related transmembrane proteins of the Ig superfamily with a structure similar to that of nephrin. Neph1 consists of a signal peptide, five Ig-like C2-type domains with the middle domain overlapping with a PKD-

like domain, an RGD sequence, a transmembrane domain and a cytoplasmic tail. Neph1 is abundantly expressed in the kidney, specifically expressed in podocytes of kidney glomeruli, and plays a significant role in the normal development and function of the glomerular permeability. Neph1 interacts with nephrin in vitro and in vivo, and able to stimulate transcriptional activation in a model system, such as the activation the transcription factor AP-1 via the stimulation of a MAPK module. Neph1 is crucial for the integrity of the slit diaphragm, as Neph1 gene knockout mice results in effacement of glomerular podocytes, heavy proteinuria, and early postnatal death. Tissue specificity:

Abundantly expressed in kidney. Specifically expressed in podocytes of kidney glomeruli.

Function:

Plays a significant role in the normal development and function of the glomerular permeability. Signaling protein that needs the presence of TEC kinases to fully transactivate the transcription factor AP-1 (By similarity).

Subunit:

Interacts with TJP1/ZO-1 and with NPHS2/podocin (via the C-terminus). Interacts with NPHS1/nephrin (via the Ig-like domains); this interaction is dependent on KIRREL glycosylation. Homodimer (via the Ig-like domains). Interacts when tyrosine-phosphorylated with GRB2 (By similarity).

Subcellular Location:

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity:

Abundantly expressed in kidney. Specifically expressed in podocytes of kidney glomeruli.

Post-translational modifications:

Phosphorylation probably regulates the interaction with NSH2. Phosphorylated at Tyr-605 and Tyr-606 by FYN, leading to GRB2 binding (By similarity). N-glycosylated (By similarity).

Similarity:

Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily.

Contains 5 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains.

SWISS:

Q96J84

Gene ID:

84623

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 84623Human

Entrez Gene: 67703 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 315546Rat

Omim: 607761 Human

SwissProt: Q8IZU9Human

SwissProt: Q8BR86Mouse

Unigene: 376015Human

Unigene: 220710 Mouse

Unigene: 7602Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.