

# **Rabbit Anti-DUT antibody**

# SL6584R

Product Name:	DUT
Chinese Name:	脱氧尿苷三磷酸酶DUT抗体
Alias:	DUT-N; mitochondrial; Deoxyuridine 5' triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase, nuclear isofor; Deoxyuridine 5"-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase; Deoxyuridine triphosphatase; dut; DUT_HUMAN; dUTP nucleotidohydrolase; dUTP pyrophosphatase; dUTPase; FLJ20622.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	19kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human DUT:191-237/252
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	This enzyme is involved in nucleotide metabolism: it produces dUMP, the immediate precursor of thymidine nucleotides and it decreases the intracellular concentration of dUTP so that uracil cannot be incorporated into DNA.

#### **Function:**

This enzyme is involved in nucleotide metabolism: it produces dUMP, the immediate precursor of thymidine nucleotides and it decreases the intracellular concentration of dUTP so that uracil cannot be incorporated into DNA.

#### **Subunit:**

Homotrimer.

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Isoform 2: Nucleus.

Isoform 3: Mitochondrion.

### Tissue Specificity:

Found in a variety of tissues. Isoform 3 expression is constitutive, while isoform 2 expression correlates with the onset of DNA replication (at protein level). Isoform 2 degradation coincides with the cessation of nuclear DNA replication (at protein level).

#### Post-translational modifications:

Nuclear isoform 2 is phosphorylated in vivo on Ser-11, a reaction that can be catalyzed in vitro by CDC2. Phosphorylation in mature T-cells occurs in a cell cycle-dependent manner. Isoform 3 is not phosphorylated.

The initiator methionine is cleaved in isoform 2.

## Similarity:

Belongs to the dUTPase family.

## **SWISS:**

P33316

#### Gene ID:

1854

## Database links:

Entrez Gene: 1854Human

Entrez Gene: 110074 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 497778Rat

Omim: 601266Human

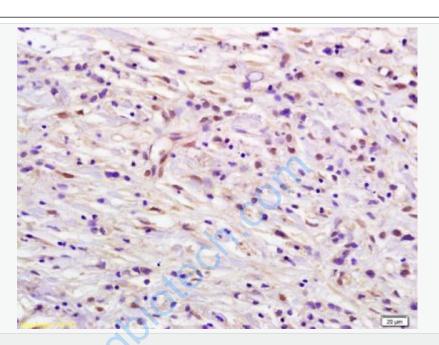
SwissProt: P33316Human

SwissProt: P70583Rat

Unigene: 527980Human

## **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



## Picture:

Tissue/cell: human gastric carcinoma; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffinembedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-DUT Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL6584R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining