

Rabbit Anti-BCAT1 antibody

SL6613R

Product Name:	BCAT1
Chinese Name:	胞浆支链氨基酸酸转氨酶抗体
Alias:	cytosolic; BCAT; BCAT(c); Bcat1; BCAT1_HUMAN; BCT1; Branched chain amino acid aminotransferase, cytosolic; Branched-chain-amino-acid aminotransferase; ECA39; MECA39; PNAS 121; Protein ECA39.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	43kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human BCAT1:321-386/386
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	This gene encodes the cytosolic form of the enzyme branched-chain amino acid transaminase. This enzyme catalyzes the reversible transamination of branched-chain alpha-keto acids to branched-chain L-amino acids essential for cell growth. Two different clinical disorders have been attributed to a defect of branched-chain amino acid transamination: hypervalinemia and hyperleucine-isoleucinemia. As there is also a gene

encoding a mitochondrial form of this enzyme, mutations in either gene may contribute to these disorders. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described. [provided by RefSeq, May 2010].

Function:

Catalyzes the first reaction in the catabolism of the essential branched chain amino acids leucine, isoleucine, and valine.

Subunit:

Belongs to the class-IV pyridoxal-phosphate-dependent aminotransferase family.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasm.

Tissue Specificity:

During embryogenesis, expressed in the brain and kidney. Overexpressed in MYC-induced tumors such as Burkitt's lymphoma.

Similarity:

Belongs to the class-IV pyridoxal-phosphate-dependent aminotransferase family.

SWISS:

P54687

Gene ID:

586

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 586 Human

Entrez Gene: 12035 Mouse

Omim: 113520 Human

SwissProt: P54687 Human

SwissProt: P24288 Mouse

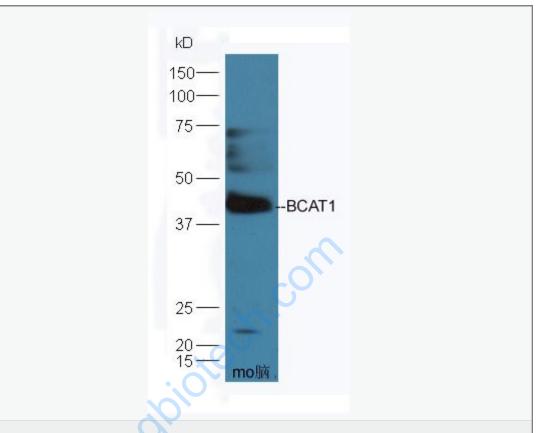
Unigene: 438993 Human

Unigene: 4606 Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human,

	therapeutic or diagnostic applications.
Picture:	Catebrum 135 — 198 — 63 — 48 — ————————————————————————————————



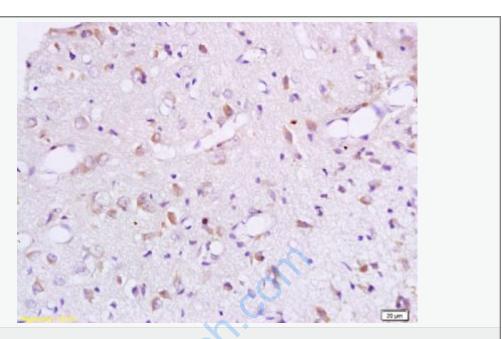
Sample: Brain (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-BCAT1 (SL6613R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-rabbit IgG (SL6613R) at 1/5000 dilution

Predicted band size: 43 kD

Observed band size: 43 kD



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded; Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-BCAT1 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL6613R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining