

# Rabbit Anti-Adenosine deaminase antibody

# SL6654R

Product Name:	Adenosine deaminase
Chinese Name:	腺苷脱氨酶抗体
Alias:	
*****	ada; ADA_HUMAN; Adenosine aminohydrolase; Adenosine deaminase.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	40kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membraneExtracellular matrix
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Adenosine deaminase:65-
	170/363
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Catalyzes the hydrolytic deamination of adenosine and 2-deoxyadenosine. Plays an
	important role in purine metabolism and in adenosine homeostasis. Modulates signaling
	by extracellular adenosine, and so contributes indirectly to cellular signaling events.
	Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell coactivation, by binding DPP4. Its interaction with
	DPP4 regulates lymphocyte-epithelial cell adhesion.

#### Function:

Catalyzes the hydrolytic deamination of adenosine and 2-deoxyadenosine. Plays an important role in purine metabolism and in adenosine homeostasis. Modulates signaling by extracellular adenosine, and so contributes indirectly to cellular signaling events. Acts as a positive regulator of T-cell coactivation, by binding DPP4. Its interaction with DPP4 regulates lymphocyte-epithelial cell adhesion.

# Subunit:

Interacts with DPP4 (extracellular domain).

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Extracellular side. Cell junction. Cytoplasmic vesicle lumen. Cytoplasm.

## **Tissue Specificity:**

Found in all tissues, occurs in large amounts in T-lymphocytes and, at the time of weaning, in gastrointestinal tissues.

#### DISEASE:

Defects in ADA are the cause of severe combined immunodeficiency autosomal recessive T-cell-negative/B-cell-negative/NK-cell-negative due to adenosine deaminase deficiency (ADASCID) [MIM:102700]. SCID refers to a genetically and clinically heterogeneous group of rare congenital disorders characterized by impairment of both humoral and cell-mediated immunity, leukopenia, and low or absent antibody levels. Patients with SCID present in infancy with recurrent, persistent infections by opportunistic organisms. The common characteristic of all types of SCID is absence of T-cell-mediated cellular immunity due to a defect in T-cell development. ADA-SCID is an autosomal recessive form accounting for about 50% of non-X-linked SCIDs. ADA deficiency has been diagnosed in chronically ill teenagers and adults (late or adult onset). Population and newborn screening programs have also identified several healthy individuals with normal immunity who have partial ADA deficiency.

## Similarity:

Belongs to the adenosine and AMP deaminases family.

**SWISS:** 

P00813

Gene ID:

100

#### Database links:

Entrez Gene: 100Human

Entrez Gene: 11486 Mouse

Entrez Gene: 24165Rat Omim: 608958Human SwissProt: P00813Human SwissProt: P03958Mouse SwissProt: Q920P6Rat Unigene: 654536Human Unigene: 388 Mouse Unigene: 12689Rat **Important Note:** This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications. 250 150 100 75 50-Picture: 37-25 Sample: Spleen (Mouse) Lysate at 40 ug

Primary: Anti-Adenosine deaminase (SL6654R) at 1/300 dilution

Secondary: HRP conjugated Goat-Anti-rabbit IgG (SL6654R) at 1/5000 dilution

Predicted band size: 40 kD

Observed band size: 40 kD

