

Rabbit Anti-CRR9 antibody

SL6797R

Product Name:	CRR9
Chinese Name:	顺氯氨铂耐药相关蛋白9抗体
Alias:	Cisplatin resistance related protein 9; Cisplatin resistance related protein CRR9p; Cisplatin resistance-related protein 9; Cleft lip and palate transmembrane protein 1 like protein; Cleft lip and palate transmembrane protein 1-like protein; CLP1L_HUMAN; CLPTM1 like; CLPTM1 like protein; CLPTM1-like protein; CLPTM1L; CRR9; CRR9p.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Horse,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	62kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CLPTM1L/CRR9:165-270/538 <extracellular></extracellular>
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Clefts of the oral-facial region usually occur in early fetal development and can affect the lip, the soft palate and the hard palate. Cleft lip (with or without cleft palate) is a

genetically complex birth defect that occurs in approximately one in every 750-1,000 live births. This is one of the most common birth defects and is multifactorial, with both genetic and environmental causes. Cleft lip- and palate-associated transmembrane protein 1 (CLPTM1) belongs to a family of cleft lip and palate transmembrane proteins. This family also contains cisplatin resistance-related protein (CRR9), which is involved in CDDP-induced apoptosis. CLPTM1L (cleft lip and palate transmembrane protein 1-like protein), also known as CRR9p (cisplatin resistance-related protein 9) is a 538 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that belongs to the CLPTM1 family and, when overexpressed, enhances cisplatin-mediated apoptosis. CLPTM1L exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 5p15.33.

Function:

Enhances cisplatin-mediated apoptosis, when overexpressed.

Subcellular Location:

Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (Potential).

Similarity:

Belongs to the CLPTM1 family

SWISS:

O96KA5

Gene ID:

81037

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 81037Human

Omim: 612585Human

SwissProt: Q96KA5Human

Unigene: 444673Human

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

顺氯氨铂属于细胞周期非特异性药物,具有细胞毒性,可抑制癌细胞的DNA复制过程,并损伤其The cell

membrane上结构,有较强的广谱抗癌作用。临床用于卵巢癌、前列腺癌、睾丸癌、肺癌、鼻咽癌、食道癌、恶性淋巴瘤、乳腺癌、头颈部鳞癌、甲状腺癌及成骨肉瘤等多

www.sunlondbiotech.com