

Rabbit Anti-PRMT5 antibody

SL6992R

Product Name:	PRMT5
Chinese Name:	组蛋白精氨酸甲基转移酶5抗体
Alias:	72 kDa ICln binding protein; 72 kDa ICln-binding protein; ANM5_HUMAN; Histone- arginine N-methyltransferase PRMT5; HMT1 hnRNP methyltransferase like 5; HOMOLOG OF; SKB1; HRMT1L5; IBP72; Jak-binding protein 1; JBP 1; JBP1; PRMT 5; PRMT5; Protein arginine methyltransferase 5; Protein arginine N methyltransferase 5; Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 5; S. POMBE; S. POMBE HOMOLOG OF; SKB1; SHK1 KINASE BINDING PROTEIN 1; Shk1 kinase binding protein 1 homolog; SHK1 KINASE-BINDING PROTEIN 1; Shk1 kinase-binding protein 1 homolog; SKB 1; SKB1; SKB1 homolog; SKB1: SKB1 homolog (S. pombe); SKB1Hs.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:50- 200 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	70kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	lmg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human PRMT5:201-300/637
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed

	Arginine methyltransferase that can both catalyze the formation of omega-N
	monomethylarginine (MMA) and symmetrical dimethylarginine (sDMA), with a
	preference for the formation of MMA. Specifically mediates the symmetrical
	dimethylation of arginine residues in the small nuclear ribonucleoproteins Sm D1
	(SNRPD1) and Sm D3 (SNRPD3); such methylation being required for the assembly
	and biogenesis of snRNP core particles. Methylates SUPT5H. Mono- and dimethylates
	arginine residues of myelin basic protein (MBP) in vitro. Plays a role in the assembly of
	snRNP core particles. May play a role in cytokine-activated transduction pathways.
	Negatively regulates cyclin E1 promoter activity and cellular proliferation. May regulate
	the SUPT5H transcriptional elongation properties. May be part of a pathway that is
	connected to a chloride current, possibly through cytoskeletal rearrangement. Methylates
	histone H2A and H4 'Arg-3' during germ cell development. Methylates histone H3 'Arg-
	8', which may repress transcription. Methylates the Piwi proteins (PIWIL1, PIWIL2 and
	PIWIL4), methylation of Piwi proteins being required for the interaction with Tudor
	domain-containing proteins and subsequent localization to the meiotic nuage. Methylates
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	RPS10. Attenuates EGF signaling through the MAPK1/MAPK3 pathway acting at 2
	levels. First, monomethylates EGFR; this enhances EGFR 'Tyr-1197' phosphorylation
	and PTPN6 recruitment, eventually leading to reduced SOS1 phosphorylation. Second,
	methylates RAF1 and probably BRAF, hence destabilizing these 2 signaling proteins
	and reducing their catalytic activity. Required for induction of E-selectin and VCAM-1,
	on the endothelial cells surface at sites of inflammation. Methylates HOXA9.
	Subunit
	Forms at least homodimers and homotetramers Interacts with DDDM1 Component of
	the methylosome a 20S complex containing at least nICL n DDMT1/SVD1 and MED50
	Component of a high molecular weight E2E pocket protein complex CERC (avalin E1
	repressor complex) Also interacts with Sm proteins IAK2 SSTR1 and SUDT5U
	Associates with SWI/SNE remodeling complexes containing SMADCA2 and
	prosociates with 5 wi/Sint temodering complexes containing SintAKCA2 and

SMARCA4. Interacts with LSM11, PRMT7 and SNRPD3. Interacts with COPR5/C17orf79; promoting its recruitment on histone H4. Interacts with RPS10. Interacts with EGFR; methylates EGFR and stimulates EGFR-mediated ERK activation. Interacts with BRAF and with active RAF1. Interacts with HOXA9.

Subcellular Location: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity: Ubiquitous.

Post-translational modifications: Disulfide bonds and non-covalent association mediate homooligomers formation.

Similarity: Belongs to the protein arginine N-methyltransferase family. joiotect

SWISS: 014744

Gene ID: 10419

Database links:

Entrez Gene: 10419Human

Entrez Gene: 27374Mouse

Entrez Gene: 364382Rat

Omim: 604045Human

SwissProt: O14744Human

SwissProt: Q8CIG8Mouse

Unigene: 367854Human

Unigene: 196585Mouse

Unigene: 101808Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.







Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (Mouse brain); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (PRMT5) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL6992R) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, followed by a conjugated secondary (sp-0023) for 20 minutes and DAB staining.