

# Rabbit Anti-RERE antibody

# SL7077R

<b>Product Name:</b>	RERE
Chinese Name:	肌萎缩相关蛋白1抗体
Alias:	ARG; arginine glutamic acid dipeptide (RE) repeats; arginine glutamic acid dipeptide repeats; Arginine glutamic acid dipeptide repeats protein; Arginine-glutamic acid dipeptide repeats protein; ARGININE-GLUTAMIC ACID REPEATS-ENCODING GENE; ARP; ATN1L; Atr2; atrophin 1 like; Atrophin 1 like protein; Atrophin 1 related protein; atrophin 2; atrophin related protein; ATROPHIN-1-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN; Atrophin-1-like protein; Atrophin-1-related protein; atrophin-2; ATROPHIN-RELATED PROTEIN; DNB1; Rere; RERE_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Dog, Cow, Horse,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	172kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human RERE:521/620/1566
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	FunctionPlays a role as a transcriptional repressor during development. May play a role

in the control of cell survival. Overexpression of RERE recruits BAX to the nucleus particularly to POD and triggers caspase-3 activation, leading to cell death.

## **Function:**

Plays a role as a transcriptional repressor during development. May play a role in the control of cell survival. Overexpression of RERE recruits BAX to the nucleus particularly to POD and triggers caspase-3 activation, leading to cell death.

## **Subunit:**

Interacts with HDAC1 (By similarity). Interacts with ATN1. Interaction with ATN1 is improved when the poly-Gln region of ATN1 is extended. Interacts with FAT1.

#### **Subcellular Location:**

Nucleus. Note=Localized in nuclear bodies of variables size. Colocalized with PML and BAX in nuclear PODs.

# Tissue Specificity:

Widely expressed. Expressed in tumor cell lines.

#### **DISEASE:**

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving RERE is found in the neuroblastoma cell line NGP. Translocation t(1;15)(p36.2;q24).

# Similarity:

Contains 1 BAH domain.

Contains 1 ELM2 domain

Contains 1 GATA-type zinc finger.

Contains 1 SANT domain.

# SWISS:

Q9P2R6

#### Gene ID:

473

#### Database links:

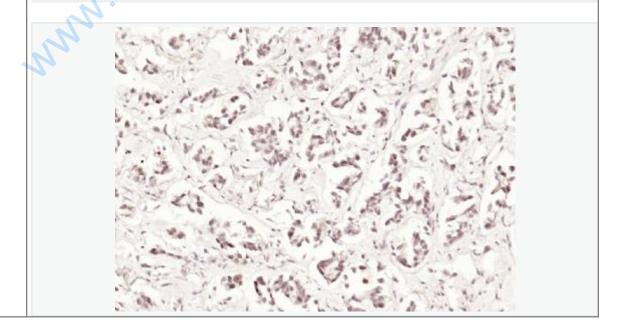
UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: Q9P2R6.2

#### **Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Picture:

Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (mouse testis); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (RERE) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL7077R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining.



Paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin embedded (human gastric carcinoma); Antigen retrieval by boiling in sodium citrate buffer (pH6.0) for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% hydrogen peroxide for 20 minutes; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum) at 37°C for 30min; Antibody incubation with (RERE) Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated (SL7077R) at 1:200 overnight at 4°C, followed by operating according to SP Kit(Rabbit) (sp-0023) instructions and DAB staining. www.sunlonobiotech.ck