



Rabbit Anti-Pantophysin antibody

SL7411R

Product Name:	Pantophysin
Chinese Name:	突触素样蛋白1抗体
Alias:	SYPL1 HUMAN; Synaptophysin-like protein 1; Pantophysin; SYPL1; H-SP1; SYPL.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Pig,Cow,Rabbit,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	29kDa
Cellular localization:	cytoplasmicThe cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human Pantophysin:121-220/259
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The MARVEL domain is a 130 amino acid motif that contains four transmembrane helices, both of which have cytoplasmic N- and C-terminal regions. MARVEL domain-containing proteins are thought to participate in tight junction regulation, the biogenesis of vesicular transport carriers and in cholesterol-rich membrane apposition events. Pantophysin, also known as SYPL1 (synaptophysin-like protein 1) or H-SP1, is a 259 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that localizes to melanosomes and vesicles, as well as to the cytoplasm, and contains one MARVEL domain. Expressed as multiple

alternatively spliced isoforms, pantophysin is present in tissues throughout the body where it may play a role in vesicle trafficking and protein transport. The gene encoding pantophysin maps to human chromosome 7, which houses over 1,000 genes and comprises nearly 5% of the human genome. Defects in some of the genes localized to chromosome 7 have been linked to Osteogenesis imperfecta, Williams-Beuren syndrome, Pendred syndrome, Lissencephaly, Citrullinemia and Shwachman-Diamond syndrome.

Subcellular Location:

Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (By similarity). Melanosome. Note=Cytoplasmic transport vesicles (By similarity). Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

Similarity:

Belongs to the synaptophysin/synaptobrevin family. Contains 1 MARVEL domain.

SWISS:

Q16563

Gene ID:

6856

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 6856](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 19027](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 366595](#) Rat

[SwissProt: Q16563](#) Human

[SwissProt: O09117](#) Mouse

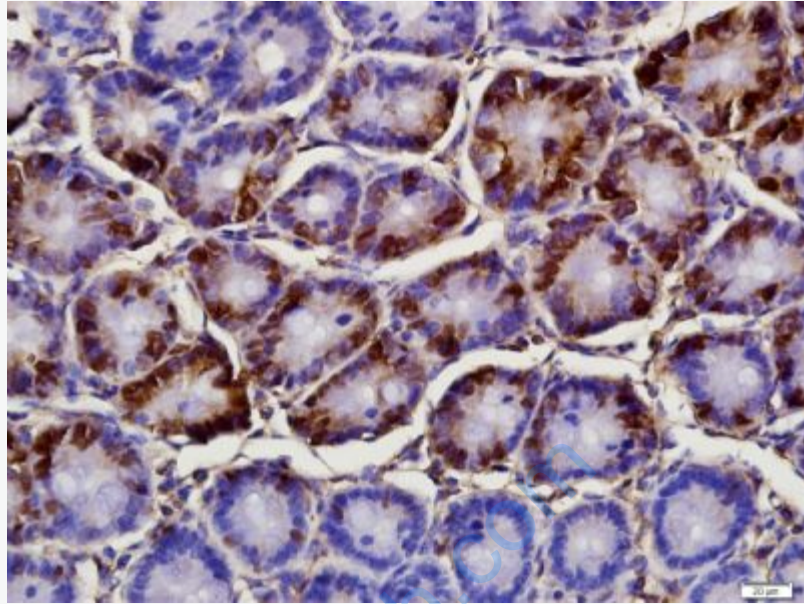
[Unigene: 80919](#) Human

[Unigene: 246304](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 17193](#) Rat

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:

Tissue/cell: mouse colon tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-Pantophysin Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL7411R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining