



## Rabbit Anti-TBX22 antibody

SL7430R

<b>Product Name:</b>	TBX22
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	TBX22蛋白抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	ABERS; CLPA; CPX; D230020M15Rik; dJ795G23.1; T box 22; T box protein 22; T box transcription factor TBX22; T-box protein 22; T-box transcription factor TBX22; Tbx22; TBX22_HUMAN; TBXX.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	58kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	The nucleus
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human TBX22:1-100/520
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	This gene is a member of a phylogenetically conserved family of genes that share a common DNA-binding domain, the T-box. T-box genes encode transcription factors involved in the regulation of developmental processes. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the inherited X-linked disorder, Cleft palate with ankyloglossia, and it is believed to play a major role in human palatogenesis. Alternatively spliced

transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

**Function:**

Probable transcriptional regulator involved in developmental processes. This is major determinant crucial to palatogenesis.

**Subcellular Location:**

Nucleus.

**Tissue Specificity:**

Seems to be expressed at a low level.

**DISEASE:**

The disease is caused by mutations affecting the gene represented in this entry. Disease description: A congenital mouth abnormality characterized by fissure of the soft and/or hard palate, due to faulty fusion. Some patients also manifest ankyloglossia, a condition in which movements of the tongue are restricted. Complete ankyloglossia is due to fusion between the tongue and the floor of the mouth. Partial ankyloglossia is due to a short lingual frenum or one which is attached too near the tip of the tongue.

**Similarity:**

Contains 1 T-box DNA-binding domain.

**SWISS:**

Q9Y458

**Gene ID:**

50948

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 50945](#) Human

[Entrez Gene: 245572](#) Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 302369](#) Rat

[Omim: 300307](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q9Y458](#) Human

[SwissProt: Q8K402](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 374253](#) Human

[Unigene: 137011](#) Mouse

[Unigene: 109981](#) Rat

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

[www.sunlongbiotech.com](http://www.sunlongbiotech.com)