



Rabbit Anti-CHCHD5 antibody

SL8145R

Product Name:	CHCHD5
Chinese Name:	卷曲螺旋结构域蛋白CHCHD5抗体
Alias:	C2orf9; CHCH5_HUMAN; CHCHD5; chromosome 2 open reading frame; Coiled coil helix coiled coil helix domain containing 5; Coiled-coil-helix-coiled-coil-helix domain-containing protein 5; FLJ39671; MGC11104.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	12kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmicExtracellular matrixSecretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CCDC99:21-110/110
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 癢 for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20癢. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 癢.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	CHCHD5 is a 110 amino acid protein that contains one CHCH domain. The gene encoding CHCHD5 maps to human chromosome 2, which consists of 237 million bases encoding over 1,400 genes and making up approximately 8% of the human genome. A number of genetic diseases are linked to genes on chromosome 2. Harlequin ichthyosis, a

rare and morbid skin deformity, is associated with mutations in the ABCA12 gene. The lipid metabolic disorder sitosterolemia is associated with ABCG5 and ABCG8. An extremely rare recessive genetic disorder, Alström syndrome is due to mutations in the ALMS1 gene. Interestingly, chromosome 2 contains what appears to be a vestigial second centromere and vestigial telomeres which gives credence to the hypothesis that human chromosome 2 is the result of an ancient fusion of two ancestral chromosomes seen in modern form today in apes.

Similarity:

Contains 1 CHCH domain.

SWISS:

Q9BSY4

Gene ID:

84269

Database links:

UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: Q9BSY4.1

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.