

Rabbit Anti-TCRP1 antibody

SL8199R

Product Name:	TCRP1
Chinese Name:	舌癌化疗耐药相关蛋白1
Alias:	F168A HUMAN; Fam168a; KIAA0280; Protein FAM168A; TCRP1; Tongue cancer
	chemotherapy resistance-associated protein 1.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-
	500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	26kDa
Cellular localization:	Extracellular matrixSecretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FAM168A/TCRP1:75-180/244
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized
	antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year
	when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of
	antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	FAM168A is a 244 amino acid protein that exists as three alternatively spliced isoforms
	and is encoded by a gene that maps to human chromosome 11, which makes up around
	4% of human genomic DNA and is considered a gene and disease association dense
	chromosome. The chromosome 11 encoded Atm gene is important for regulation of cell
	cycle arrest and apoptosis following double strand DNA breaks. Atm mutation leads to
	the disorder known as ataxia-telangiectasia. The blood disorders Sickle cell anemia and

I thalassemia are caused by HBB gene mutations. Wilms' tumors, WAGR syndrome and Denys-Drash syndrome are associated with mutations of the WT1 gene. Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Jacobsen syndrome, Niemann-Pick disease, hereditary angioedema and Smith-Lemli-Opitz syndrome are also associated with defects in chromosome 11.

Subunit:

May interact with FAM168B.

Similarity:

Belongs to the FAM168 protein family.

SWISS:

Q92567

Gene ID:

23201

Database links:

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.