

Rabbit Anti-FAM102B antibody

SL8230R

Product Name:	FAM102B
Chinese Name:	FAM102B蛋白抗体
Alias:	F102B_HUMAN; Fam102b; Protein FAM102B.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Dog, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit, Sheep,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections
	need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications.
	optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	39kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmicThe cell membraneExtracellular matrixSecretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FAM102B:53-150/360
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20 °C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	<u>PubMed</u>
Product Detail:	Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs
	and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome
	1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases
	associated with chromosome 1. Notably, the rare aging disease Hutchinson-Gilford
	progeria is associated with the LMNA gene which encodes lamin A. When defective, the
	LMNA gene product can build up in the nucleus and cause characteristic nuclear blebs.
	The mechanism of rapidly enhanced aging is unclear and is a topic of continuing

exploration. The MUTYH gene is located on chromosome 1 and is partially responsible for familial adenomatous polyposis. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma. The FAM102B gene product has been provisionally designated FAM102B pending further characterization.

Similarity:

Belongs to the FAM102 family.

SWISS: Q5T8I3

Gene ID: 284611

Database links:

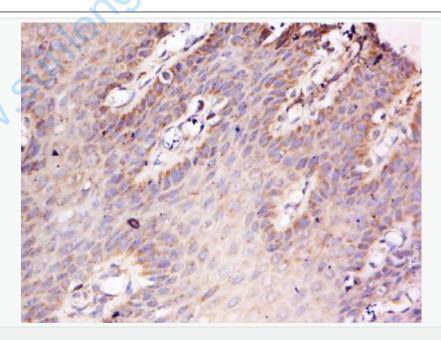
UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot: Q5T8I3.2

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.



Picture:



Tissue/cell: human cervical cancer; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-

embedded;

Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum, C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;

Incubation: Anti-FAM102B Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL8230R) 1:500, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining www.sunlondbiotech.cot