



## Rabbit Anti-GHDC antibody

SL8407R

<b>Product Name:</b>	GHDC
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	GHDC蛋白抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	D11LGP1; D11LGP1E; D11lgp1e like; GH3 domain containing; GH3 domain containing protein; GH3 domain-containing protein; GHDC; GHDC_HUMAN; Homolog of mouse LGP1; LGP1.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Horse,Rabbit,
<b>Applications:</b>	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:50-200 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	56kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	The nucleuscytoplasmic
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human GHDC:201-300/530
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	Tumor suppressor p53 is necessary for maintenance of cellular genetic integrity by moderating cell fate through DNA repair versus cell death. Malfunction or loss of p53 expression is associated with malignant cell growth and Li-Fraumeni syndrome. Like p53, BRCA1 is directly involved in DNA repair, though specifically it is recognized as a genetic determinant of early onset breast cancer and predisposition to cancers of the

ovary, colon, prostate gland and fallopian tubes. Chromosome 17 is also linked to neurofibromatosis, a condition characterized by neural and epidermal lesions, and dysregulated Schwann cell growth. Alexander disease, Birt-Hogg-Dubé syndrome and Canavan disease are also associated with chromosome 17.

**Subcellular Location:**

Endoplasmic reticulum. Nucleus envelope.

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the GH3 family.

**SWISS:**

Q8N2G8

**Gene ID:**

84514

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 84514](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 80860](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 303542](#)Rat

[Omim: 608587](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q8N2G8](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q99J23](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 38039](#)Human

[Unigene: 37308](#)Mouse

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.