



Rabbit Anti-USP22 antibody

SL8611R

Product Name:	USP22
Chinese Name:	去Ubiquitin化酶22抗体
Alias:	Deubiquitinating enzyme 22; Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 22; Ubiquitin thioesterase 22; Ubiquitin thiolesterase 22; Ubiquitin thiolesterase 8; Ubiquitin thiolesterase 8; Ubiquitin-specific processing protease 8; Ubiquitin-specific processing protease 8; Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 22; UBP22_HUMAN; Usp22; USP3L.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Dog,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,Sheep,Xenopus laevis
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	60kDa
Cellular localization:	The nucleus
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human USP22:121-220/525
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. Through the use of a wide range of enzymes that can add or remove ubiquitin, the Ub pathway controls

many intracellular processes such as signal transduction, transcriptional activation and cell cycle progression. USP22 (ubiquitin specific peptidase 22), also known as USP3L, is a 525 amino acid protein that contains one UBP-type zinc finger and functions to catalyze the conversion of a ubiquitin C-terminal thioester to free ubiquitin and thiol, a reaction that may influence several cellular processes. Via its catalytic activity, USP22 is thought to play an important role in cell cycle progression and may also serve as a cancer stem cell marker.

Function:

Histone deubiquitinating component of the transcription regulatory histone acetylation (HAT) complex SAGA. Catalyzes the deubiquitination of both histones H2A and H2B, thereby acting as a coactivator. Recruited to specific gene promoters by activators such as MYC, where it is required for transcription. Required for nuclear receptor-mediated transactivation and cell cycle progression.

Subunit:

Component of some SAGA transcription coactivator-HAT complexes, at least composed of ATXN7, ATXN7L3, ENY2, GCN5L2, SUPT3H, TAF10, TRRAP and USP22. Within the SAGA complex, ATXN7L3, ENY2 and USP22 form a subcomplex required for histone deubiquitination. Interacts directly with ATXN7L3; leading to its recruitment to the SAGA complex.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus.

Tissue Specificity:

Moderately expressed in various tissues including heart and skeletal muscle, and weakly expressed in lung and liver.

Similarity:

Belongs to the peptidase C19 family. UBP8 subfamily.
Contains 1 UBP-type zinc finger.

SWISS:

Q9UPT9

Gene ID:

23326

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 23326](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 216825](#)Mouse

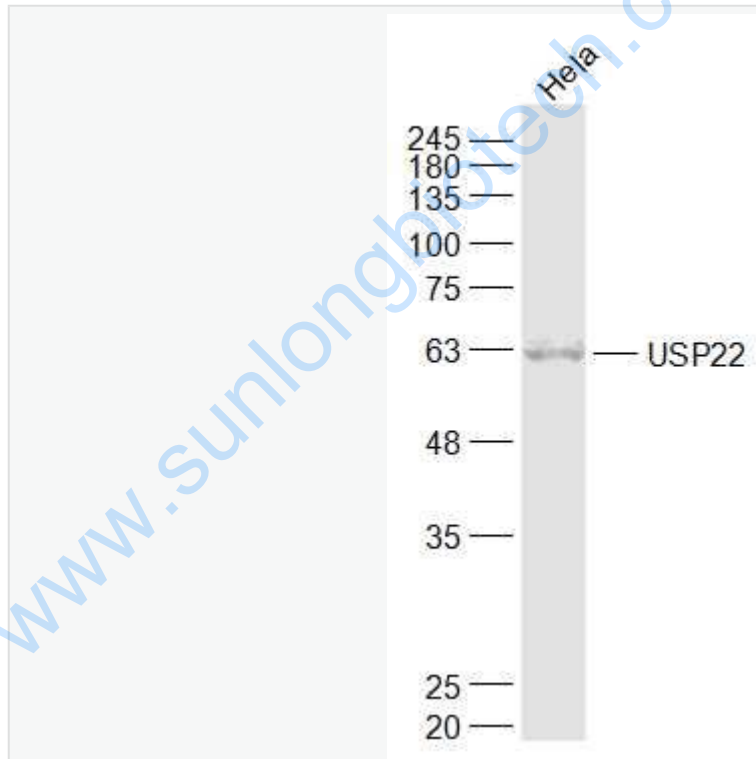
[Entrez Gene: 303201](#)Rat

[Omim: 612116](#)Human
[SwissProt: Q9UPT9](#)Human
[SwissProt: Q5DU02](#)Mouse
[Unigene: 462492](#)Human
[Unigene: 30602](#)Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

Picture:



Sample:

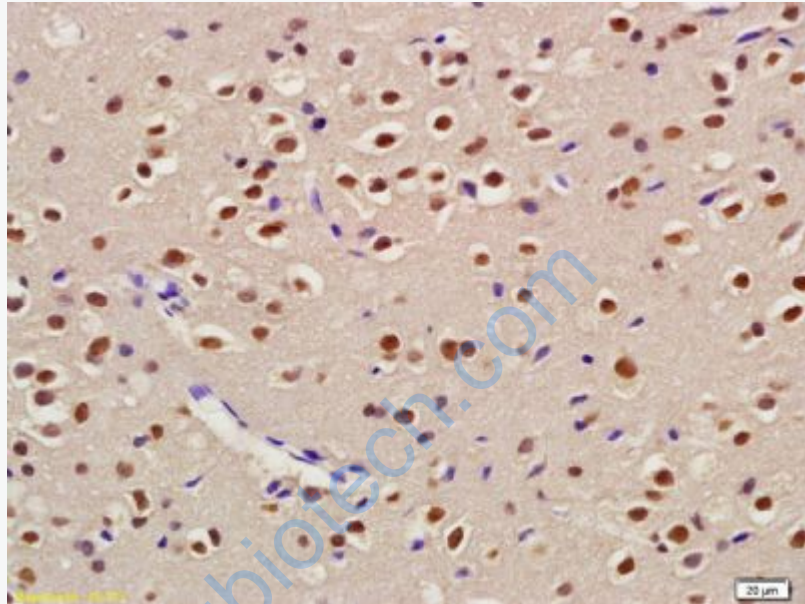
HeLa(Human) Cell Lysate at 30 ug

Primary: Anti-USP22 (SL8611R) at 1/1000 dilution

Secondary: IRDye800CW Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG at 1/20000 dilution

Predicted band size: 60 kD

Observed band size: 63 kD



Tissue/cell: rat brain tissue; 4% Paraformaldehyde-fixed and paraffin-embedded;
Antigen retrieval: citrate buffer (0.01M, pH 6.0), Boiling bathing for 15min; Block endogenous peroxidase by 3% Hydrogen peroxide for 30min; Blocking buffer (normal goat serum,C-0005) at 37°C for 20 min;
Incubation: Anti-USP22 Polyclonal Antibody, Unconjugated(SL8611R) 1:200, overnight at 4°C, followed by conjugation to the secondary antibody(SP-0023) and DAB(C-0010) staining