



## Rabbit Anti-OIP-5/CT86 antibody

SL8856R

<b>Product Name:</b>	OIP-5/CT86
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	癌/睾丸抗原抗体86抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	5730547N13Rik; Cancer/testis antigen 86; CT 86; CT86; hMIS18beta; LAP2alpha interactor 25; LINT 25; LINT25; MIS18B; MIS18beta; MS18B_HUMAN; OIP 5; OIP-5; OIP5; Opa interacting protein 5; Opa-interacting protein 5; Protein Mis18-beta.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,
<b>Applications:</b>	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	25kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	The nucleuscytoplasmic
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human OIP-5:131-229/229
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	OIP5 is a 229 amino acid nuclear protein that is required for chromosome segregation during mitosis. OIP5 exists as a homodimer but can also heterodimerize with FASP1 (FAPP1-associated protein 1). Essential for the recruitment of CENP-A (centromere autoantigen A) to centromeres, OIP5 localizes to centromeres of interphase cells during late anaphase and G1. The gene encoding OIP5 maps to human chromosome 15, which

houses over 700 genes and comprises nearly 3% of the human genome. Angelman syndrome, Prader-Willi syndrome, Tay-Sachs disease and Marfan syndrome are all associated with defects in chromosome 15-localized genes.

**Function:**

Required for recruitment of CENPA to centromeres and normal chromosome segregation during mitosis.

**Subcellular Location:**

Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome, centromere. Associated with centromeres in interphase cells, from late anaphase to the G1 phase. Not detected on centromeres during earlier phases of mitosis. Associated with chromatin.

**SWISS:**

O43482

**Gene ID:**

11339

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 11339](#) Human

[Omim: 606020](#) Human

[SwissProt: O43482](#) Human

[Unigene: 661645](#) Human

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.