

Rabbit Anti-OIF antibody

SL9407R

Product Name:	OIF
Chinese Name:	骨诱导因子抗体 人名英格兰 人名英格兰人姓氏英格兰人名
Alias:	Corneal keratan sulfate proteoglycan; MIME_HUMAN; mimecan; Mimecan proteoglycan; OG; OGN; OIF; osteoglycin; osteoinductive factor; SLRR3A.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Cow, Horse, Rabbit,
Applications:	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:50-200 (Paraffin sections
	need antigen repair)
	not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	31kDa
Cellular localization:	Secretory protein
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human OIF:101-200/298
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	The small leucine-rich proteoglycan (SLRP) family of proteins contains various proteins such as Decorin, Biglycan, Fibromodulin, Keratocan, Lumican, Osteoadherin and Osteoglycin. These proteins all have similar functions as they all mediate extracellular matrix organization and act as binding partners of TGF beta. Osteoglycin, which also may be designated osteoinductive factor (OIF), is a secreted protein detected in bone tissues. Osteoglycin induces the formation of bone in conjunction with either TGF-beta-

	1 or TGF-beta-2. The precursor form of the OGN gene product, designated Mimecan, is subject to in situ proteolytic cleavage to yield the mature Osteoglycin.
	Function: Induces bone formation in conjunction with TGF-beta-1 or TGF-beta-2.
	Subcellular Location: Secreted extracellular space extracellular matrix
	Tissue Specificity:
	Bone.
	Post-translational modifications: N- and O-glycosylated. O-glycosylated with a core 1 or possibly core 8 glycan.
	Similarity:
	Belongs to the small leucine-rich proteoglycan (SLRP) family. SLRP class III subfamily
	Contains 7 LRR (leucine-rich) repeats.
	SWISS: P20774
	Gene ID: 4969
	Database links:
	Entrez Gene: 4969Human
	<u>Omim: 602383</u> Human
	SwissProt: P20774Human
4	Unigene: 109439Human
	Important Note: This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

