



## Rabbit Anti-CMYA2/PDE4DIP antibody

SL9477R

<b>Product Name:</b>	CMYA2/PDE4DIP
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	心肌病相关蛋白2抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	Cardiomyopathy associated protein 2; Cardiomyopathy-associated protein 2; CMYA2; MMGL; MYOME_HUMAN; Myomegalin; Pde4dip; Phosphodiesterase 4D interacting protein; Phosphodiesterase 4D-interacting protein.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Sheep,
<b>Applications:</b>	ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800ICC=1:100-500IF=1:100-500 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	265kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	The nucleuscytoplasmic
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human CMYA2/PDE4DIP:1501-1600/2365
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	May function as an anchor sequestering components of the cAMP-dependent pathway to Golgi and/or centrosomes. Myomegalin, is a 2,346 amino acid protein that contains one NBPF domain and localizes to the nucleus, cytoplasm, centrosome and Golgi apparatus. Expressed at high levels in fetal and adult heart and at lower levels in brain

and placenta, myomegalin is thought to function as an anchoring protein that sequesters members of the cAMP-dependent pathway to the Golgi and to centrosomes, thereby mediating cAMP pathway dynamics. Translocations in the gene that encodes myomegalin are associated with myeloproliferative disorders (MBDs), a group of diseases caused by an overproduction of blood cells. Myomegalin exists as twelve isoforms due to alternative splicing events.

**Function:**

May function as an anchor sequestering components of the cAMP-dependent pathway to Golgi and/or centrosomes (By similarity).

**Subunit:**

Interacts with PDE4D (By similarity).

**Subcellular Location:**

Golgi apparatus (By similarity). Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, centrosome (By similarity). Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

**Tissue Specificity:**

Highly expressed in heart and skeletal muscle and to a lower extent in brain and placenta.

**DISEASE:**

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving PDE4DIP may be the cause of a myeloproliferative disorder (MBD) associated with eosinophilia. Translocation t(1;5)(q23;q33) that forms a PDE4DIP-PDGFRB fusion protein.

**Similarity:**

Contains 1 NBPF domain.

**SWISS:**

Q5VU43

**Gene ID:**

9659

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 9659](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 83679](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 64183](#)Rat

[Omim: 608117](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q5VU43](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q80YT7](#)Mouse

[SwissProt: Q9WUJ3](#)Rat

[Unigene: 584841](#)Human

[Unigene: 613082](#)Human

[Unigene: 657490](#)Human

[Unigene: 728768](#)Human

[Unigene: 129840](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 48693](#)Rat

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

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