



## Rabbit Anti-alpha 2 Macroglobulin antibody

SL9505R

<b>Product Name:</b>	alpha 2 Macroglobulin
<b>Chinese Name:</b>	$\alpha$ 2巨球蛋白( $\alpha$ -2M)抗体
<b>Alias:</b>	A2M; A2MG_HUMAN; Alpha 2 M; Alpha 2M; Alpha-2-M; Alpha-2-macroglobulin; C3 and PZP-like alpha-2-macroglobulin domain-containing protein 5; CPAMD5; DKFZp779B086; FWP007; S863 7.
<b>Organism Species:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality:</b>	Polyclonal
<b>React Species:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat,Chicken,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,
<b>Applications:</b>	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000 not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
<b>Molecular weight:</b>	160kDa
<b>Cellular localization:</b>	Secretory protein
<b>Form:</b>	Lyophilized or Liquid
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>immunogen:</b>	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human alpha 2 Macroglobulin:751-850/1474
<b>Lsotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Purification:</b>	affinity purified by Protein A
<b>Storage Buffer:</b>	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
<b>PubMed:</b>	<a href="#">PubMed</a>
<b>Product Detail:</b>	Alpha-2-macroglobulin is a protease inhibitor and cytokine transporter. It inhibits many proteases, including trypsin, thrombin and collagenase. A2M is implicated in Alzheimer disease (AD) due to its ability to mediate the clearance and degradation of A-beta, the major component of beta-amyloid deposits. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008].

**Function:**

Is able to inhibit all four classes of proteinases by a unique 'trapping' mechanism. This protein has a peptide stretch, called the 'bait region' which contains specific cleavage sites for different proteinases. When a proteinase cleaves the bait region, a conformational change is induced in the protein which traps the proteinase. The entrapped enzyme remains active against low molecular weight substrates (activity against high molecular weight substrates is greatly reduced). Following cleavage in the bait region a thioester bond is hydrolyzed and mediates the covalent binding of the protein to the proteinase.

**Subunit:**

Homotetramer; disulfide-linked.

**Subcellular Location:**

Secreted

**Tissue Specificity:**

Secreted in plasma

**Similarity:**

Belongs to the protease inhibitor I39 (alpha-2-macroglobulin) family.

**SWISS:**

P01023

**Gene ID:**

2

**Database links:**

[Entrez Gene: 2](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 232345](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 24153](#)Rat

[Omim: 103950](#)Human

[SwissProt: P01023](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q61838](#)Mouse

[SwissProt: P06238](#)Rat

[Unigene: 212838](#)Human

[Unigene: 30151](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 225884](#)Rat

**Important Note:**

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.

[www.sunlongbiotech.com](http://www.sunlongbiotech.com)