



Rabbit Anti-NHEDC2/FITC Conjugated antibody

SL9712R-FITC

Product Name:	Anti-NHEDC2/FITC
Chinese Name:	FITC标记的Mitochondrion钠/氢Exchange protein质2抗体
Alias:	NHA2; Mitochondrial Na(+)/H(+) exchanger NHA2; Mitochondrial sodium/hydrogen exchanger NHA2; Na(+)/H(+) exchanger like domain containing protein 2; Na+/H+ exchanger domain containing 2; NHE domain containing protein 2; NHE10; NHEDC 2; Sodium/hydrogen exchanger like domain containing protein 2; SL9B2_HUMAN.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Rabbit,
Applications:	IF=1:50-200 not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	58kDa
Cellular localization:	The cell membrane
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human NHEDC2
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
Product Detail:	background: Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchangers (NHEs) catalyze the transport of Na ⁺ in exchange for H ⁺ across membranes in organisms and are required for numerous physiological processes. NHEDC2 (Na ⁺ /H ⁺ exchanger-like domain-containing protein 2), also known as NHA2, is a 537 amino acid mitochondrial protein. NHEDC2 is involved in organelle volume homeostasis by catalyzing the exchange of protons for Na ⁺ and Li ⁺ across the

inner mitochondrial membrane. Found in red blood cells, NHEDC2 is required for bone resorption activity and osteoclast differentiation. As a multi-pass membrane protein, NHEDC2 is expressed as two isoforms produced by alternative splicing events.

Function:

Electroneutral exchange of protons for Na(+) and Li(+) across the inner mitochondrial membrane. Contributes to the organellar volume homeostasis. Required for osteoclast differentiation and bone resorption activity (By similarity).

Subcellular Location:

Mitochondrion membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein (By similarity).

Tissue Specificity:

Detected in red blood cells (at protein level).

Similarity:

Belongs to the monovalent cation:proton antiporter 1 (CPA1) transporter (TC 2.A.36) family.

Database links:

[Entrez Gene: 133308](#)Human

[Entrez Gene: 97086](#)Mouse

[Entrez Gene: 365946](#)Rat

[Omim: 611789](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q86UD5](#)Human

[SwissProt: Q5BKR2](#)Mouse

[Unigene: 546482](#)Human

[Unigene: 441764](#)Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.