

Rabbit Anti-FEN1 antibody

SL9876R

Product Name:	FEN1
Chinese Name:	结构特异性核酸酶FEN1抗体
Alias:	DNase IV; FEN-1; FEN1; FEN1_HUMAN; Flap endonuclease 1; Flap structure specific endonuclease 1; Flap structure-specific endonuclease 1; hFEN-1; hFEN1; Maturation factor 1; MF1; Rad2.
Organism Species:	Rabbit
Clonality:	Polyclonal
React Species:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Dog,Pig,Cow,Horse,Rabbit,Sheep,
Applications:	WB=1:500-2000ELISA=1:500-1000IHC-P=1:400-800IHC-F=1:400-800IF=1:50- 200 (Paraffin sections need antigen repair) not yet tested in other applications. optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.
Molecular weight:	42kDa 🔪 💙
Cellular localization:	The nucleuscytoplasmic
Form:	Lyophilized or Liquid
Concentration:	1mg/ml
immunogen:	KLH conjugated synthetic peptide derived from human FEN1:165-260/380
Lsotype:	IgG
Purification:	affinity purified by Protein A
Storage Buffer:	0.01M TBS(pH7.4) with 1% BSA, 0.03% Proclin300 and 50% Glycerol.
Storage:	Store at -20 °C for one year. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. The lyophilized antibody is stable at room temperature for at least one month and for greater than a year when kept at -20°C. When reconstituted in sterile pH 7.4 0.01M PBS or diluent of antibody the antibody is stable for at least two weeks at 2-4 °C.
PubMed:	PubMed
Product Detail:	Structure-specific nuclease with 5'-flap endonuclease and 5'-3' exonuclease activities involved in DNA replication and repair. During DNA replication, cleaves the 5'- overhanging flap structure that is generated by displacement synthesis when DNA polymerase encounters the 5'-end of a downstream Okazaki fragment. It enters the flap from the 5'-end and then tracks to cleave the flap base, leaving a nick for ligation. Also

involved in the long patch base excision repair (LP-BER) pathway, by cleaving within the apurinic/apyrimidinic (AP) site-terminated flap. Acts as a genome stabilization factor that prevents flaps from equilibrating into structurs that lead to duplications and deletions. Also possesses 5'-3' exonuclease activity on nicked or gapped doublestranded DNA, and exhibits RNase H activity. Also involved in replication and repair of rDNA and in repairing mitochondrial DNA.

Subunit:

Interacts with PCNA. Three molecules of FEN1 bind to one PCNA trimer with each molecule binding to one PCNA monomer. PCNA stimulates the nuclease activity without altering cleavage specificity. The C-terminal domain binds EP300. Can bind simultaneously to both PCNA and EP300. Interacts with DDX11.

Subcellular Location:

Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Mitochondrion. Note=Resides mostly in the nucleoli and relocalizes to the nucleoplasm upon DNA damage.

Similarity: Belongs to the XPG/RAD2 endonuclease family. FEN1 subfamily.

SWISS: P39748

Gene ID: 2237

Database links: Entrez Gene: 2237Human

Entrez Gene: 14156Mouse

Omim: 600393Human

SwissProt: P39748Human

SwissProt: P39749Mouse

Unigene: 409065Human

Unigene: 2952Mouse

Unigene: 470595Mouse

Important Note:

This product as supplied is intended for research use only, not for use in human, therapeutic or diagnostic applications.