

Active Interferon Gamma (IFN γ) Instruction Manual

SBPA030Gu01

Cavia (Guinea pig)

Buffer Formulation

PBS, pH7.4, containing 0.01% SKL, 1mM DTT, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.

Traits

Freeze-dried powder

Purity

> 90%

Isoelectric Point

9.7

Applications

Cell culture; Activity Assays.

ACTIVITY TEST

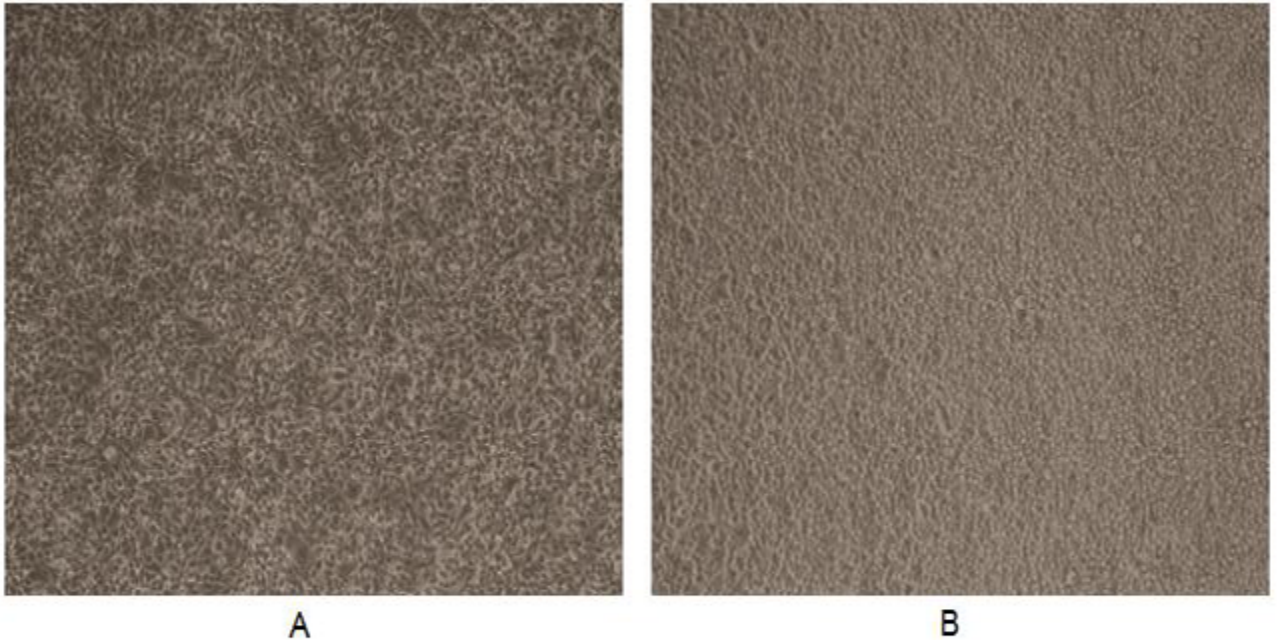


Figure 1. Morphological change of Raw 264.7 cells after stimulation of IFN γ .

(A) Raw 264.7 cells cultured in DMEM, stimulated with IFN γ ;

(B) Unstimulated Raw 264.7 cells cultured in DMEM (negative control).

Interferon gamma (IFN γ) is a dimerized soluble cytokine that is the only member of the type II class of interferons. The importance of IFN γ in the immune system stems in part from its ability to inhibit viral replication directly, and most importantly from its immunostimulatory and immunomodulatory effects. It has been reported that IFN- γ promotes production of inducible Nitric Oxide Synthase (iNOS) in macrophages as an important activator. After stimulated with IFN- γ , morphological changes will occur in murine macrophage cell line (Raw 264.7 cells), and inducible nitric-oxide synthase (iNOS) in the cells will increase. Raw 264.7 cells were incubated in DMEM with IFN- γ (10ng/mL) for 24h, then cells were observed by inverted microscope and iNOS in cell lysates was detected by ELISA.

Effect of IFN- γ on morphological change of Raw 246.7 cells was shown in Figure 1.

Table 1. ELISA detection of iNOS expression from RAW 246.7 cells stimulated by IFN γ .

| Sample (cell lysates of Raw 264.7 cells) | O.D. value | Corrected | Concentration of iNOS (ng/mL) |
|---|-------------------|------------------|--|
| stimulated with IFN- γ (10ng/mL) | 2.81 | 2.69 | 36.92 |
| unstimulated | 0.25 | 0.19 | 2.88 |

Effect of IFN- γ on the expression of iNOS was shown in Table 1.

USAGE

Reconstitute in 10mM PBS (pH7.4) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

STORAGE

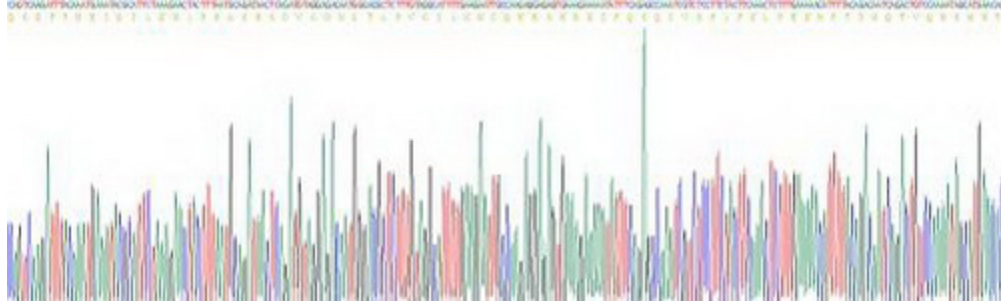
Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Store at 2-8°C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

STABILITY

The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no

obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Image



SDS-PAGE Image

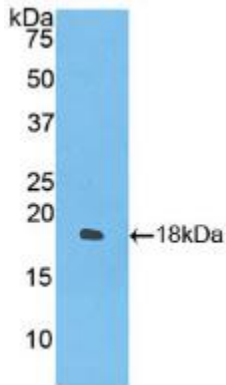


Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant IFN γ , Cavia.

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.