

Active Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH) Instruction Manual

SBPA104Hu01

Homo sapiens (Human)

Buffer Formulation

20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.

Traits

Freeze-dried powder

Purity

> 95%

Isoelectric Point

7.7

Applications

Cell culture; Activity Assays.

ACTIVITY TEST

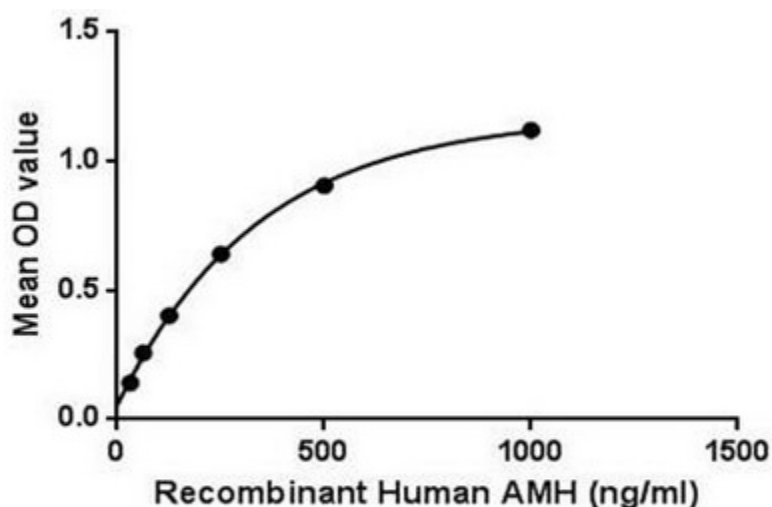


Figure 1. The binding activity of AMH with Smad9.

Anti-Müllerian hormone (AMH), also named Müllerian inhibiting substance (MIS) belongs to a tissue-specific TGF-beta superfamily growth factor. It can be expressed by male sertoli cells and postnatal testis, and ovarian granulosa cells of females postpartum. AMH expression is critical to sex differentiation at a specific time during fetal development, it appears to be tightly regulated by SF1, GATA factors, DAX1 and FSH. AMH signals through a characteristic receptor consisting of a type I and a type II receptor serine/threonine kinase. Especially the type II receptor is unique and specific receptor for AMH. Besides, Mothers Against Decapentaplegic Homolog 9 (Smad9) has been identified as an interactor of AMH, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human AMH and recombinant human (Smad9) Briefly,

AMH were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100uL were then transferred to Smad9-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-AMH pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50μL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of of AMH and Smad9 was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

USAGE

Reconstitute in ddH₂O to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

STORAGE

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Store at 2-8°C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

STABILITY

The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Image

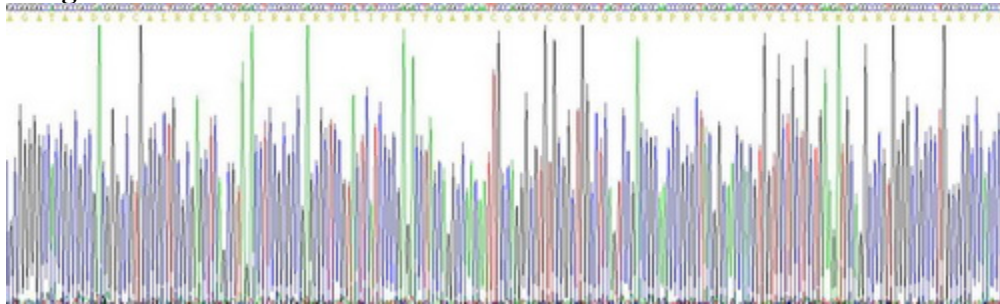


Figure. SDS-PAGE

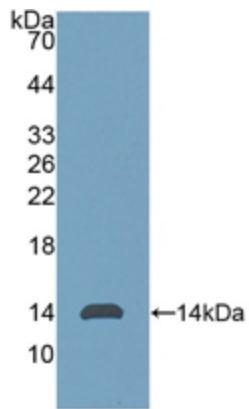


Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant AMH, Human.

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.