Active Granzyme M (GZMM) Instruction Manual

SBPA127Hu01

Homo sapiens (Human)

Buffer Formulation 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA,

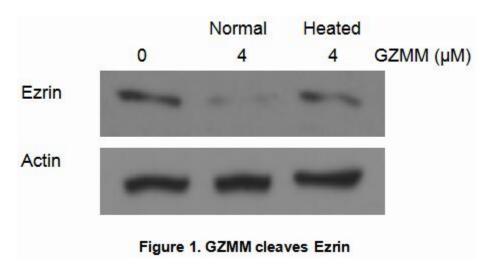
1mM DTT, 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.

Traits Freeze-dried powder

Purity > 90% Isoelectric Point 10.3

Applications Cell culture; Activity Assays.

ACTIVITY TEST



GZMM (Granzyme M) is one of the neutral serine proteases, which is specifically expressed by NK cells and mediates a novel major and perforin-dependent cell death pathway. Granzyme M has been proven to targets α -Tubulin and disorganizes the microtubule network, besides, Ezrin has also been identified as a substrate of GZMM. Therefore, a catalytic assay was conducted to detect the protease activity of recombinant human GZMM using Hela cells lysates. Briefly, protein lysates were extracted from 2×107 Hela cells using Lysis Buffer, then incubated with normal or inactivated GZMM in 37oC for 4h. Samples were immunoblotted using Abs β -actin as control, and Ezrin to detect the enzyme activity. The results were shown below. It is obvious that recombinant human GZMM cleaved Ezrin.

USAGE

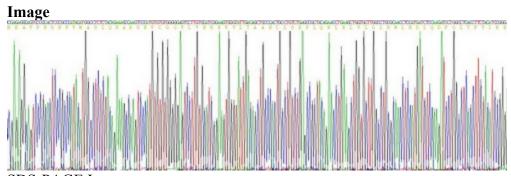
Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

STORAGE

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Store at 2-8°C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

STABILITY

The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.



SDS-PAGE Image

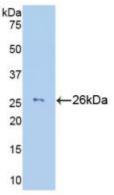


Figure. Western Blot; Sample: Recombinant GZMM, Human.

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.