

Active Pregnancy Associated Plasma Protein A (PAPPA) Instruction Manual

SBPA182Hu03

Homo sapiens (Human)

Buffer Formulation	20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.
Traits	Freeze-dried powder
Purity	> 97%
Isoelectric Point	5.7
Applications	Cell culture; Activity Assays.

ACTIVITY TEST

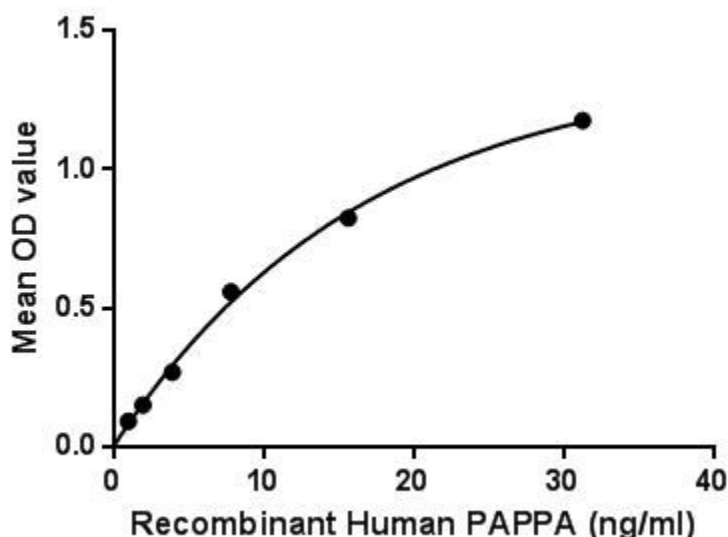


Figure. The binding activity of PAPP A with Plg. Pregnancy-associated plasma protein A (PAPP A), also known as pappalysin-1, is a secreted protease whose main substrate is insulin-like growth factor binding proteins. PAPP A's proteolytic function is activated upon collagen binding. It is thought to be involved in local proliferative processes such as wound healing and bone remodeling. Low plasma level of this protein has been suggested as a biochemical marker for pregnancies with aneuploid fetuses (fetuses with an abnormal number of chromosomes). Besides, Plasminogen (Plg) has been identified as an interactor of PAPP A, thus a binding

ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human PAPP A and recombinant human Plg. Briefly, PAPP A were diluted serially in PBS with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 μ L were then transferred to Plg-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-PAPP A pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50 μ L stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of PAPP A and Plg was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

USAGE

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

STORAGE

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Store at 2-8°C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

STABILITY

The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

Image

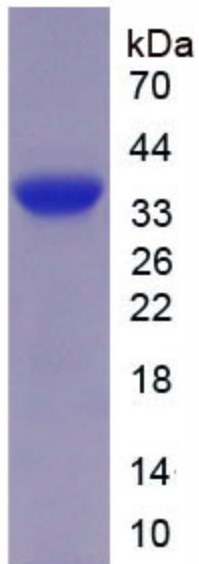


Figure. SDS-PAGE

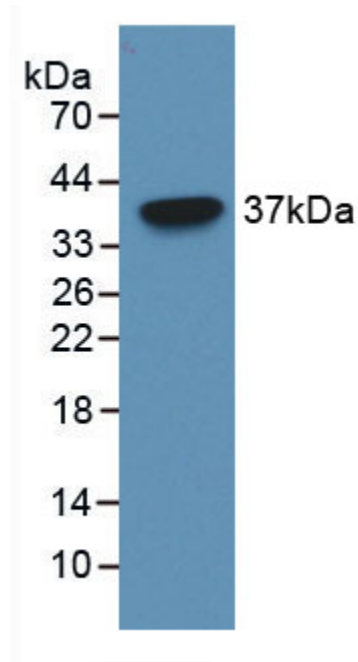


Figure. Western Blot

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.

