

# Active Platelet Derived Growth Factor D (PDGFD) Instruction Manual

## SBPC326Hu01

**Homo sapiens (Human)**

**Buffer Formulation**

20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose and Proclin300.

**Traits**

Freeze-dried powder

**Purity**

> 90%

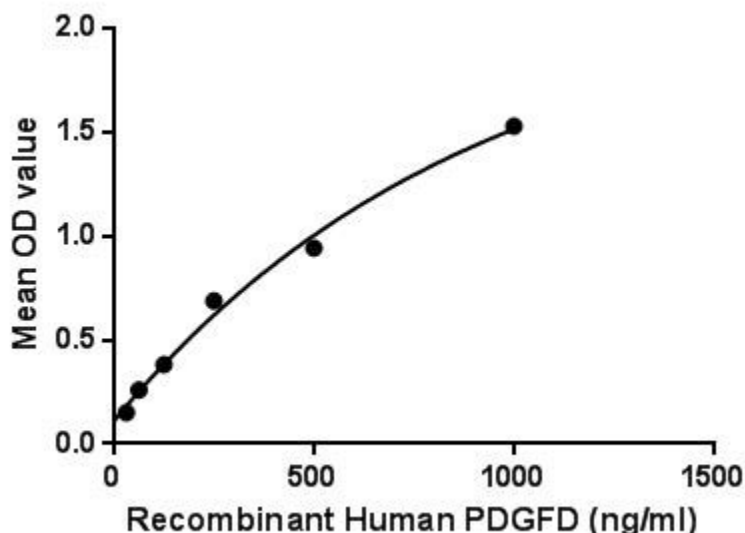
**Isoelectric Point**

8.4

**Applications**

Cell culture; Activity Assays.

### ACTIVITY TEST



Platelet-derived growth factor D (PDGFD) is a protein that in humans is encoded by the PDGFD gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the platelet-derived growth factor family. PDGF plays a significant role in blood vessel formation, the growth of blood vessels from already-existing blood vessel tissue, mitogenesis. PDGF also plays a role in embryonic development, cell proliferation, cell migration, and angiogenesis. Besides, Macrophage Erythroblast Attacher (MAEA) has been identified as an interactor of PDGFD, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human PDGFD and recombinant human MAEA. Briefly, PDGFD were

diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 $\mu$ L were then transferred to MAEA-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37°C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-PDGFD pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37°C. Finally, add 50 $\mu$ L stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of PDGFD and MAEA was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

Figure. The binding activity of PDGFD with MAEA.

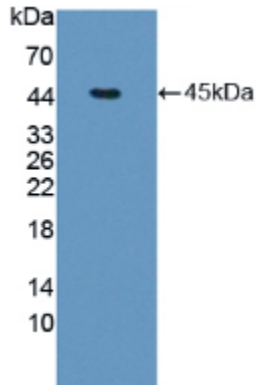


Figure. Western Blot

## USAGE

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (PH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

## STORAGE

Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Store at 2-8°C for one month. Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

## STABILITY

The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

## Image

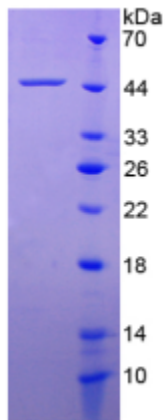


Figure. SDS-PAGE

### **[IMPORTANT NOTE]**

The kit is designed for research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.